Local News & Advs. ...es 1, 4, 6, 9, 12. General News ...8, 10, 11.

THE STRATHMORE STANDARD AND BOW VALLEY

Your Subscription Month and year of expiration is shown with your address. Pay in advance. Postal regulations require this.

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The Crop Situation

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Another week of warm weather has brought the country very close to harvest, and the district generally is assuming the familiar yellow tinge that betokens the approach of harvest.

Wheat harvest will start in about a week's time, and will be general throughout the district. The even germination and steady growth throughout the season has made up for the lateness of the seeding, and there is not that mixture of ripe and unripe grain, and uneven stands that caused so much trouble harvesting last year.

Crops on all farms throughout the Bow Valley are going to be very good, and on summerfallow there are bound to be some fifty-bushel wheat yields, and the stubble crops even will yield good returns.

The fine weather of last week has been maturing the crop rather faster than most farmers wished, and there may have been some little damage done to the heads by the intense heat, but the weather turned cooler, with overcast skies, on Sunday evening, and possibly the next week will see rain, which is now needed for garden crops, though grain crops are generally now well matured and heads filled out.

Cutting of winter rye and hay is now general, and big yields are assured.

New potatoes are now being lifted.

The crop this year will be the largest, barring the ever-decreasing chances of hail damage, which has ever been shipped from this district. The yield per acre will probably not be quite as high as in 1915, as much of the crop is in on stubble, but the total acreage is much larger than in that year, particularly in Ardenode and Nightingale districts, where much new land has been broken in the past two years.

An index of the crop expected is seen in the large orders for binder twine and binders. It is expected that the total number of binders ordered from Strathmore will reach a hundred and fifty, and the shipments already received are not far short of this figure. There will also be a large sale of threshing outfits, each of the local dealers having received a number of orders.

Last year, while very good crops were recorded in some sections close to Strathmore, and irrigated crops yielded big returns, the average yield was not anything like what the prospect is for this year.

The Home Newspaper

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We take the following from one of our Alberta exchanges.

"More power to rural friends of the country press. Now is the time to rally round your home newspapers and do everything in your power to insure their weathering the present situation. The community without a newspaper ... place in which to live."

"...alue of a newspaper to a community is too often overlooked and taken for granted, and but too little consideration given to the difficulties that confront the publisher nowadays."

Just this week comes the news that the Regina daily newspapers have amalgamated, owing to the tremendous costs of production. Recently the Peterboro Review, established for almost half a century, was compelled to close its doors, the Toronto World is now in liquidation, the Port Perry Star has ceased to exist after sixty years of publication. These are just a few of dozens of newspapers who have been crowded out in the struggle for existence."

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The Catholic Ladies Aid will give a box social and dance on Aug. 18th, in Rockyford Town Hall. The Myers orchestra has been engaged for the occasion and it promises to be a very enjoyable affair. All the ladies are requested to attend and bring with them boxes. Everybody welcome.

The 1920 Chautauqua

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Last Wednesday evening the big Chautauqua tent was hoisted for the fourth year in succession at Strathmore, and performances commenced on Thursday afternoon.

Since the start the sessions have been highly interesting and very enjoyable, and have fully come up to the advance notices. Great pleasure and profit has been derived by all who attended.

The committee of guarantors are faced with a slight deficit, the amount realised from the sale of season tickets having fallen short of the amount of the guarantee by about $200 but if every committeeman had worked as they might have done the deficit would have been converted into a surplus.

The enthusiasm which has pervaded every session held so far at the Chautauqua opened is a sure index of its value, and if this enthusiasm could be converted into action some weeks prior to each Chautauqua there would be no doubt as to its getting over the top successfully, financially.

The Programme

The programme opened on Thursday with a concert by the Old Fashioned Girls, who sang the songs of the old days in costumes appropriate to those days, and also gave selections on piano and violin.

In the evening Burnell Ford, the famous inventor, gave demonstrations of some of the latest discoveries in electricity, and performed what would have appeared as miracles to the people of a generation ago, and which even now seem like miracles till they are explained.

Friday afternoon and evening the Ward Waters Company delighted large audiences with their musical items, readings, sketches, and Richard Posey Campbell touched the hearts of his audiences with his readings. Hon. G. J. Poole, New Zealand spoke the same evening, and gave a graphic description of the progress of social reform in the Antipodean Islands.

The Zedeler Symphonic Quintet in their musical numbers made a great impression on Saturday, and the two lecturers on that day, Capt. Norman Allen Imrie, of the C.E.F., and Dr. Geo. Adam, held their audiences spellbound as the former dealing with some political troublems that faced John Bull and Uncle Sam, and the latter delivering a fine address on the subject of "David Lloyd George," which came with authority from one who has had intimate personal recollections of him.

Monday evening the Keighley New York players gave their play "It Pays to Advertise," and it was well acted and thoroughly enjoyed.

At the time of going to press the remainder of the programme of the week's Chautauqua had not been completed, but we are assured that it is fully up to the standard of the first part.

Locals Win Game

Strathmore defeated a mixed Calgary team on Sunday afternoon on the local diamond before a large crowd.

The Calgary team was not as strong as had been expected, and Strathmore won by a score of 11-4. Gill and Watts pitched for Calgary, and Jacobs and Brown for Strathmore.

Score by innings:

Strathmore	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	—	11
Calgary	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—	4

Teams were:

Grimo, c; Van Tighem, 2nd b. Buchman 1st b.; Kimmett, r.f. Lattig, c.f.; Venus, 3rd b.; Brown s.s. and p., Smith 1.f. Jacobs, p.; and s.s.

Calgary—Watts, s.s.; Marshall, c.f.; Spence, 2nd b.; Gibson, c.f. Bachan, 2nd. b.; McLean, 1st b.; Griggs, l.f.; Ray, r.f.; Gill p.

Strathmore meets Gleichen at Gleichen on Friday.

The Drumheller Municipal Hospital is now completed. The visiting hours being from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p.m. every day. Visitors are requested to observe the above hours.

Preparing Grain for Fall Fairs

(Experimental Farms Note)

It pays to advertise. There is no better advertisement than to be a prize winner at the Fall Fairs and no crop on the farm can be exhibited to better advantage than the cereal crop. To attain the best results, a special plot should be maintained and kept thoroughly clean, free from weeds and all impurities. Harvesting should be done by hand, keeping the sheaves as neat and as straight as possible.

First and foremost the grain in the sheaf must not be weathered, it must be perfectly dry and of good colour. The best results are obtained by the use of slightly immature straw, as it will be found to be less brittle and easier to handle. The straw should be spread in thin layers in the sun to dry; the sun will bleach the straw as well as dry it. Use only straight, uniform straws to make the sheaf; two or three sheafs should be collected in the field to allow for waste.

The majority of persons have the idea that all the straws should be the same length and the heads all placed on the same level. This would give us the square head in which, when tied the majority of the straws would break off below the head. The ideal sheaf has a rounded head with a grand sail curve. This rounded head is procured by allowing the central straws to stand a little higher than the surrounding straws and each layer of heads that are added, to gradually slope away from the centre. The large sheaf may be conveniently formed by first making a number of small sheaves and then plating them together as though they were individual heads. Each sheaf should be tied in the usual manner. To finish the sheaf a layer of individual heads should be placed around the whole producing a finished exhibition sheaf. All the loose leaves should be pulled off the outside of the sheaf with a jack-knife leaving only the white shining straws, and all heads that do not conform to the symmetry of the head may be cut off, leaving a perfect sheaf. Coloured ribbons from 1-2 to 2-1 inches wide may be used with good effect to cover the binding strings.

The remainder of the plot should be threshed by hand. This will form the bulk sample for the Fair. If the plot was kept pure, in the field there will be very little that will need to be done to the threshed sample. A good fanning mill will remove all shrunken and small kernels, al chaff and dirt. The fanning mill must be clean, many an excellent sample has been ruined by a dirty fanning mill. Thoroughness is the secret of a good sample, the fanning mill should not be spared even if it means fanning away 50 per cent of the original sample.

The bulk sample may be double-bagged for shipping to the Fair. The sheaf should be shipped in a box, 3-4 inches longer and 1-2 inches broader and deeper than the sheaf. The sheaf should be wrapped in paper and tied fitted into the box and kept in position by supports.

With our present day standards always improving, great care must be taken in preparing the exhibits for the Fall Fairs. No prize will be won by the farmer who puts up a rough sheaf or a poor sample. The secret of success is thoroughness.

P. R. COWAN.
Cereal Division.

Tennis

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The St. Michael's Tennis Club of Calgary came down to Strathmore and played a tournament with the C.P.R. Tennis Club at the Irrigation Headquarters.

The visiting players were in good form and carried off most of the honors. The principal sets were as follows:

Stockton and Patrick vs. Martin and Uren 6-3, 3-6, 4-6
Rawlings and Van Buren vs. Barr and

Are Your Votes In?

PHONOGRAPH COMPETITION CLOSES THIS WEEK.

Candidates Working Hard for the Big Prizes

Saturday of this week sees the finish of the big phonograph competition conducted under the auspices of the Rexall Store and the Strathmore Standard. When the counting of the ballots has been completed on Saturday evening one of the candidates will be the winner of a $250 prize, consisting of a Starr Phonograph and assorted records (her own choice) and four other candidates, in their order of merit, will have due bills awarded them, which secure them a similar phonograph at small cost.

Candidates have been working hard for the past week, and though there is not much change in the ballot this week, it will be impossible to prophesy the outcome until the last vote is polled and counted.

Following is the standing in the race taken on Monday:

Edith Martin	287636
Doris Gardner	280566
Ruth Sim	123023
Grace Anderson	63567
Jean Fleiger	53485
Freda Schofield	26611
Doris Dobson	26530
Alice Way	21421
Sarah Miller	13646
Isabel Newall	10775
Helen Miller	8195

Death of Miss Horrell

To the great regret of her many friends, the death took place in Calgary General Hospital on Saturday afternoon of Miss Winnifred Horrell, of Strathmore.

She was taken seriously ill with appendicitis about ten days ago and removed to Calgary, where she was operated upon with apparent success, but took a turn for the worse Friday evening, and died as above noted.

The funeral was held yesterday to Calgary Cemetery. The cortege was accompanied by a considerable number of mourners from Strathmore, and the service was performed by Rev. T. Philips.

The deceased lady came to Strathmore six years ago from England, and has resided here ever since, with the exception of two years spent in Pisgah Grand, California. Her first years were spent with her sister, Mrs. C. H. Bebbington, but since the departure of Mr. and Mrs Bebbington and family for Boswell, B. C., she has been resident with the McElhoes family.

Miss Horrell was an active worker in the Union Sunday School, and was beloved by the children, and by all with whom she came in contact, and she took prominent part in other movements for the good of the community. She was well educated and a splendid musician.

It is sad to think that on the day previous to her death she had been feeling much better, and had written to Mrs. McElhoes with the full expectation of returning to Strathmore soon.

Mr. C. H. Bebbington came down from Boswell to attend the funeral on Tuesday.

Last week of the contest; so help your candidate by renewing your subscription.

Miss Theresa Benz is home for a few weeks from Calgary. She intends visiting her sister in Minnesota also.

The C.P.R. stock department shipped in a load of cattle from Cadiz to Strathmore last week.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs. Ted Hartell on July 28th.

Watts	6-4, 5-7, 4-6
Palmer and Dyer vs. Chalmers and C. Martin	1-6, 2-6
Morgan and Durant vs. Miller and Sterling	2-6, 2-6
Dyer and Fosbery vs. Tredgold and Hanna	

School Board Meets

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A meeting of Strathmore School Board was held in the Chairman's Office on Tuesday last, Trustees Sly, Seymour, Shaw, and McDonald being present.

School Repairs

A committee appointed at a former meeting to inquire into certain repairs required for the school reported in detail on these, and it was agreed to have them done.

It was also agreed to have the new school building repainted, the Board to purchase the paint, and tenders taken for the work.

School Fair Grant

It was decided to give a grant of $25.00 for prizes at the School Fair.

Teachers for Next Term

The Board have their teaching staff for next term practically lined up though the agreements have not yet been signed.

Mr. L. T. Williams, former Vice-Principal, has accepted the position of Principal at $1800 per year.

Mr. G. M. Craigie has been offered the position of Vice-Principal at $1600 per year.

Mrs. Bosward has accepted her position as teacher of Grades 5 and 6 at $1100.

Miss Marsilon, who had previously accepted for another term, has withdrawn her acceptance. For her place and the other vacancy the Board are in touch with a number of well-recommended teachers.

Big Doings at Rockyford

REEVE ASSAULTED AND CHINK UPSET

Justices of the Peace, Leonard and Hunter, and Inspector Leslie of the A.P.P. held court in Rockyford on Saturday forenoon. Messrs Duffin & Brown were fined $50.00 and costs for creating a disturbance in the chinese restaurant, and Mr. Plotkins $100 and costs for fighting with our noted Mayor of the town. A very serious offence considering the personality. Justice Hunter has decided to stamp out all lawlessness in the Village and will put his foot on anything that is not in accordance with his ideas, to use his words.

Wedding

Robins — McKenzie

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in the Union Church, Strathmore, on Wednesday, August 4th, when Miss Ella Laurie McKenzie, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred McKenzie, of Cheadle, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Harry Frederic Robins, of Calgary, the Rev. Mr. Philips officiating.

The bride was given away by her father and wore a navy blue tailored suit and feather hat. She was attended by her cousin Mrs. Chas. Cowell, who wore a blue suit and old rose picture hat. The groom was supported by Mr. A. Rankin. Mendelssohn's wedding March was beautifully rendered by Mrs. Wilfred McKenzie, sister-in-law of the bride.

After the ceremony the guests proceeded to the home of the bride where lunch was served, after which the couple left for Calgary Banff and west coast points on their honeymoon, followed by the best wishes of their many friends, amid a shower of rice, confetti, and old boots.

The grooms present to the bride was a handsome pearl necklace and to the maid of honor, a brooch set with pearl and amethyst.

The guests were Mr and Mrs. F. E. Sugden, Mrs and Mrs. J. McKay, Mrs. Julius Schober, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. McIntosh, Mr. C. Cowell, Mr and Mrs. Chester Barber, Mrs. Ira Smith and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Lyons, Messrs Leslie Lyons, Walter Lyons, Russell Miller and Archie Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Robins will make their residence in Okotoks where Mr. Robins will take up his duties as principal of the High School there.

SEVENTH SEMI-MONTHLY CROP AND LIVE STOCK REPORT

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Crop conditions in Alberta continue to improve For some days previous to the report of July 15th and for one week following very warm weather prevailed over the whole of the province. This was highly beneficial in view of the heavy rains of spring and late seeding. The crop made very rapid progress during this warm spell. Three weeks of hot weather began to tell on barley crops and held back late oats but the dry weather was relieved practically all over the province on July 21st by rain varying from over half an inch to an inch and a half. Following this there have been good showers of smaller spread but numerous and well distributed over the province

The situation with respect to the various grain crops is now good. Wheat was not held back by the protracted hot spell and is in head every place and cutting will begin in three weeks. The spring wheat will come in with a rush and there will be very little belated crop. Wheat, in fact, is the best crop in the country just now as it is good every place except on fields in Southern Alberta where it has been stubbled in on unclean land not properly prepared last year. The yield will be considerably higher than it has been for a least four years and this applies to every part of Alberta The yield cannot fall below twenty-two or twenty-three bushels and will one or two light rains to keep growing and filling actively it may pass the twenty-five bushel mark. Most of the wheat stands well up to three feet high and above in some cases. The grain is not very long in the Peace River district but is making steady improvement. There will be forty-five bushel crops threshed in some fields in Southern Alberta. The yield of crop of twelve thousands acres on the Noble Foundation is uniformly good.

The oat crop has received sufficient moisture to keep it succulent and make the growth strong The fields of the oat crop is now headed out and is a good crop. The rest of it shows some contrast to this condition due to very late seeding. Farmers have this year continued seeding for green feed in many cases up past the twentieth of June and this crop is not very far ahead yet. The grain crop in oats promises to be good heavy grain and rather above normal in yield if we leave out the part seeded for green feed.

Barley has suffered rather more than any other crop on account of the warm weather beginning early in June In some cases it is heading out short. The area of barley does not appear to be particularly large.

Rye is an excellent crop this year and the harvest has started in Southern Alberta. Most of the rye on the Noble Foundation has been cut and threshing will begin on August 2nd. Rye will yield uniformly about twenty-five bushels.

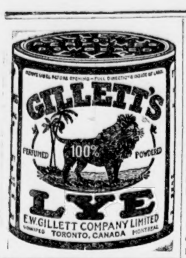
With regard to the limiting factors in the grain crop; there have been some extensions of the hopper area since the last report but these have not been great. Hoppers have appeared at Czar and Consort but generally speaking the hopper rest has been kept under fair control. This does not mean that the losses are entirely absent as individuals have suffered severely. Five hundred acres of one man's crop was cleaned off at Stavely. The outworm trouble is about over. The sugar beet webworm has made its appearance this year and has done considerable damage to garden crops. It is not a factor in the grain crops.

Hail has occured in different parts of the province, near Manyberries, Taber, Cardston, Pincher Creek, Carstairs, Didsbury, at a few points on the Calgary-Saskatoon line, Wetaskiwin, and in the Wessiock district. The hail area is not large but localities affected are rather numerous.

Potatoes and roots have made good progress recently. Potatoes have now good tops but were delayed for so long after planting that tubers are small and not very numerous.

Live stock all over the province is reported as being in splendid condition.

J. McCAIG
Publicity Commissioner



Comment on Current Events

The last week of June and the first few days of July were prolific in important changes in the political life of Canada, and in some respects these were but indicative of the unsettled state of politics generally throughout this and other countries. Union Government, which was brought into being through the efforts of Sir Robert Borden as a war administration late in 1917, having fulfilled its destiny, has passed away; Sir Robert Borden has laid down the responsibilities of the premiership, and these have been placed on the younger shoulders of Hon. Arthur Meighen, who is not only the youngest premier Canada ever had, but also the first man from west of the Great Lakes to achieve that high office. His Government will be representative of the new political organization which supercedes the Conservative and Unionist parties in Federal politics and which has been named the National Liberal and Conservative Party. In addition to Sir Robert Borden, Hon. N. W. Rowell and Hon. Martin Burrell retire from the Government; consequently the first test of the strength of the new administration with the public will come with the election of the new ministers to be chosen.

A second change of moment was the resignation of Sir Lomer Gouin from the premiership of Quebec, an office he has held for the past fifteen years, and a longer period than any of his predecessors. Sir Lomer's retirement does not mean any marked change in the Quebec Government. He is leaving political life to engage in the activities of business, commerce and finance, and is succeeded in the premiership of Quebec by one of his former cabinet colleagues, Mr. Taschereau.

Even more significant of prevailing public opinion in Canada today was the result of the Manitoba Provincial elections which has created in the oldest of the prairie provinces a situation somewhat similar to that existing in Ontario. Of the four largest groups in the next legislature, —Liberal, Farmer, Conservative and Labor,—no one commands a clear majority in the house. Followers of the Norris Government constitute the largest single group, with Labor second, Farmers third, and Conservative fourth, with few Independents in addition. The Norris Government will carry on with the support of certain of the Farmer and Independent members, while Labor will probably constitute the official opposition party.

The Manitoba elections were also noteworthy by reason of the fact that for the first time in Canada the system of Proportional Representation was applied in a Parliamentary election, the city of Winnipeg electing its ten representatives by that method. All parties seem agreed that it was a marked success and gave general satisfaction. With ten members to be elected out of a list of 41 candidates nominated, and with 48,000 ballots cast, the new system was given the hardest test yet applied to it in any English-speaking country, and the successful outcome would seem to point to its early adoption throughout Canada.

As indicating that there has been little change in the war-time sentiment of people on the question of New Brunswick referendum is of interest. Two questions were submitted to the electorate: (1) Whether the prohibition laws should be retained, importation stopped, and a bone-dry condition created, or (2) whether the sale of wines and beer should be permitted. By a vote of three to two the people declared against the sale of wines and liquor, and by a two-to-one vote emphatically recorded their preference for absolute prohibition of the traffic in intoxicants for beverage purposes.

While the people of Canada have thus been engaged in their own political affairs, in the United States the Republican and Democratic parties have adopted their platforms for the presidential elections next November and named their candidates. A clear-cut issue on the Peace Treaty and League of Nations is now presented to the American people, and the voters will themselves decide the issue, the Republicans bitterly condemning the acts of President Wilson at the Peace conference, and the Democrats upholding the League of Nations as necessary for the future preservation of the peace of the world. While not concerned in the essentially domestic policies of the United States, Canadians will follow with keen interest the struggle for and against acceptance by the United States of a place in the League of Nations and as a co-partner with the other civilized peoples of the world in maintaining the highest international ideals.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Distemper.

Horses in Saskatchewan

(Buffalo Express)

Saskatchewan is generally associated in the mind with cold weather and wheat. It is surprising to learn, therefore, that it leads the Canadian provinces in horse population, there being a total of 1,078,000.

The Oldest Living Thing

Huge Cypress Tree Said To Be 5,000 Years Old

A huge cypress tree in a churchyard near Santa Maria del Tule, in Southern Mexico, according to scientists, is the oldest living thing in the world, being between 5,000 and 6,000 years old.

This age is based on the gigantic bole of the tree and the slow growth of the species. The figures mean that when the seed from which the tree sprang fell upon the earth King Menes was holding the first reign in Egypt of which we have an historic knowledge, 3,000 years before the birth of Christ.

Humboldt discovered the tree more than 100 years ago. He nailed to the tree a wooden tablet containing his autograph and, although it is now partly hidden by the subsequent growth, the autograph is still legible.

CONSTIPATED CHILDREN

Children who suffer from constipation, indigestion or any of the other ailments due to a clogged condition of the bowels will find prompt relief through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which can always be depended upon to regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach. They are absolutely safe and are sold under a guarantee to be entirely free from opiates or other injurious drugs. Concerning them Mrs. Thomas A. Boulet, Lake Baker, N.B., writes: "I am pleased to state that Baby's Own Tablets were of great help to me when my baby was suffering from constipation." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Overcrowding the Earth

Estimated That In 170 Years From Now Maximum Population Will Be Reached.

According to the statistics, the population of the world cannot go on indefinitely at the present rate. It has been estimated that if it does, then we are near the end of our tether. In about 170 years from now the maximum population that the earth can support will be reached! The only country at the present time that is reasonably living within its assets of land is France, for to double her population requires 433 years. If the present rate of increase of the population of the world is maintained (supposing such a thing possible), then in 2,000 years from now the population would be twenty-five times greater than it is now.

F. Beddingfield Dead

Frank Beddingfield, from whom the Prince of Wales bought his Alberta ranch, is dead in England, according to a cable to Geo. Lane of the Bar U ranch.

Saw Possibilities In Experiment

Liverpool Dockmaster Evolved Principle of Modern Lighthouse

Sometimes during the latter part of the eighteenth century a scientific person of London made a wager that he would read a newspaper by the light of a "farthing dip" at a distance of 30 feet. To do this the scientist merely coated the inside of a shallow box with sloping pieces of looking glass so as to form a concave lens, put his farthing dip into the box and readily deciphered the small print at the stipulated distance. The experiment was witnessed by a Liverpool dockmaster. He was a thinking man and saw great possibilities in this learned jest. He straightway adapted the principle to lighthouse requirements and forthwith the modern reflected light with its mile of range and greatly multiplied life-saving powers sprang into being.

Don't Hawk, Blow, Sneeze, or Cough Use "Catarrhozone"

When germs attack the lining of the nose, make you sneeze and gag—when later on they infest the bronchial tubes—how can you follow them with cough syrup?

You can't do it—that's all. Cough syrups go to the stomach—that's why they fail.

But Catarrhozone goes everywhere — gets right after the germs — kills them—heals the soreness—cures the inflammation — makes Catarrh disappear. Not difficult for Catarrhozone to cure, because it contains the essences of pine balsams and other antiseptics that simply mean death to catarrh. Large size costs $1.00 and contains two months' treatment; smaller sizes 25c and 50c, all druggists and storekeepers.

Pulp Mill for Port Arthur

Provincial Paper Mills Will Spend a Million and a Half on Undertaking.

Port Arthur will be the scene of important developments in paper manufacture when the plans are completed of the Provincial Paper Mills, Limited, Toronto, who have just been incorporated. About $1,500,000 is estimated to be the amount to be spent in Port Arthur. The plant, which occupies 140 acres in the city of Port Arthur, has turned out about $2,000,000 of sulphite, which has been sold in the United States, chiefly in Wisconsin and Minnesota. It is now intended to complete the product into to paper on this side, with a mill to turn out forty tons a day. With the expenditure of $500,000 on the mill, absorbed by the new company, these productions will be increased.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves's worm exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

Indian Trophies for Museum

Considered the Highest Examples of Cree Art in Existence

Chief Piapot's saddle cloth and a Cree squaw's saddle have been lodged with the provincial museum at Regina, by William Leach, of Moose Jaw, an old-timer in this province who brought the C.P.R. steel into Regina in 1882.

These trophies are considered the highest examples of Cree art in existence, and it required two years of negotiation before Mr. Leach was able to secure possession of them. For the past couple of years they have been on display in San Francisco and will likely be exhibited at the provincial summer fair.

The saddle cloth is worked in beads in leaf form and sewn with burnt sinews. The work is highly artistic, and both pieces are worth a considerable sum of money.

Be a Self-Starter

Don't wait to be told what to do today! Even if your duties are of a routine nature, you're not a machine, but a human being with a regular brain full of valuable creative power. —N.Y.C. Lines Magazine.

There is nothing repulsive in Miller's Worm Powders, and they are as pleasant to take as sugar, so that few children will refuse them. In some cases they cause vomiting through their action in an unsound stomach, but this is only a manifestation of their cleansing power, no indication that they are hurtful. They can be thoroughly depended upon to clear all worms from the system.

Valuable hardwood forests abound in Panama.

W. N. U. 1325

Enormous Debt Of the Nations

Has Expanded Since Countries Reached High State of Civilization.

The combined national debt of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany, according to recent estimates by the Bankers Trust Company, of New York, approximates the vast sum of $178,000,000,000. Germany heads the list with a debt of $50,000,000,000. The others follow in this order: France $46,000,000,000, Great Britain $39,000,000,000, United States $25,000,000,000, and Italy $18,000,000,000.

National debt is built up chiefly by warfare, yet paradoxically, as these countries have reached a higher state of civilization, their national debt has expanded enormously. A study of "English Public Finance," issued by the Bankers Trust Company, traces the origin of national debt. It shows that prior to 1688 the national debt, as an institution, was unknown in England and probably elsewhere.

To Use the Red River

May Come Into Prominence as Transportation Route.

Efforts are to be renewed to bring back to the Red River of Manitoba something of the importance it held in the pioneer days as the main artery of commerce of the west. Fifty years ago the Red River was the first link in the chain connecting the Manitoba settlers with the outside world. Immigrants poured into the country from the east and south by using the southern portion of the stream, while to the north, boats laden with tre richest of furs floated down the river on their way to Hudson Bay and thence to England. With the coming of the railways the Red lost its place in the transportation world. Today its tawny water floats only a fleet of pleasure boats and an odd scow bringing sand gravel, or wood from the northland Soaring freight rates, however, have revived interest in the Red River as an artery of commerce and the Winnipeg and St. Boniface harbor commission is planning extensive dredging and the creation of large docks at Winnipeg and St. Boniface. The discovery of gold and copper along Lake Winnipeg, the high prices now prevailing for wood and lumber, and the interest in the pulpwood fields of northern Manitoba, are all combining to bring the Red River again into prominence as a transportation route.

One Great Essential To a Woman's Health Is Her Nerves

Nature intended women to be strong, healthy and happy as the day is long, instead of being sick and wretched. But how can any woman be healthy and happy when the whole nervous system is unstrung. The trouble is they pay more attention to their social and household duties than they do to their health. Is it any wonder then that they become irritable and nervous, have hot flushes, faint and dizzy spells, smothering and sinking spells, become weak and nervous, everything in life looks blue, dark and gloomy.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the very remedy that nervous, tired-out, weary women need to restore them to the blessings of good health. Mrs. F. H. Ryan, Sand Point, N.S., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from nerve troubles. I was so weak and nervous I could not sleep at night and my appetite was very poor. I could not walk across the floor without trembling. I had hot flushes and fainting spells. When I was on my second box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I began to feel better and kept on until I had used six boxes when I felt like a different person. I am never without them in the house and recommend them to all who suffer with their nerves."

Price 50c a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

An Unvalued Site

(London Daily Chronicle)

The news that the Bank of England is to be rebuilt draws attention to a fact which has often puzzled business men, and that is that the site on which the present buildings stand has never been valued, though it is undoubtedly the most famous in the world. What is more, the balance-sheet of the bank never includes the site and the buildings as an asset, though if these were in the possession of any other company they would probably be included as worth anything up to 10,000,000 pounds. But the bank's position is so secure that it can afford to neglect even such a great asset.

The Japanese government controls the supply of crude camphor.

To Further Lignite Project

Additional Grant of $200,000 Made to Saskatchewan Briquetting Plant.

To meet the increased cost of construction of the lignite briquetting plant an additional appropriation of $200,000 has been made. This makes the total vote for the plant $600,000. Of the additional vote, $100,000 is being provided by the federal government, the governments of Saskatchewan and Manitoba dividing the other $100,000 between them. This is the same ratio as the original vote.

The lignite utilization board has found it impossible to complete the project on the original grant of $400,000. A recent estimate shows the total cost will be about $600,000, exclusive of housing. In order to compare these prices with the original estimate of $400,000, the board made a careful enquiry into the price of the present contemplated plant had it been erected in 1917, the date at which the original research council report was prepared. The result was a total estimate of $390,000, which shows that the present designs are no more elaborate than were contemplated originally.

The Hon. Arthur Meighen agreed that the federal government would contribute another $100,000 on condition that Manitoba and Saskatchewan would each contribute a further $50,000. The question has been taken up by Mr. Meighen with the two provincial governments and so far as Saskatchewan is concerned, the additional appropriation will be met.

Roumania Wants Canadian Trade

Roumanian firms of paper users are turning to the United States and Canada for their supplies, according to announcements in this week's bulletin of the department of trade and commerce. Other Canadian products being sought by Roumanian firms include: Leather and leather goods, including boots and shoes, textiles, furs, fresh and canned foodstuffs, drugs and chemicals and iron.

To Asthma Sufferers. Dr. J. D. Kellog's Asthma Remedy comes like a helping hand to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and hope by curing his trouble—something he has come to believe impossible. Its benefit is too evident to be questioned—it is its own best argument—its own best advertisement. If you suffer from asthma get this time-tried remedy and find help like thousands of others.

Growers Form Wool Pool

Michigan Farmers' Syndicate Will Market Fleece for Best Prices.

Through the Michigan Farm Bureau a goodly number of the farmers of Michigan have formed a wool pool, which amounts now to 2,500,000 pounds and will shortly become a stack of 4,000,000 pounds. By means of this pool the farmers hope to get a price for their wool in keeping with the prices of wool cloth and similar commodities. It is their opinion, by the best advice the bureau can secure that shortly the price will go up from about 22 cents to at least twice that amount and yield a sum in keeping with their anticipations when the shearing season came on.

The big stock of wool belongs now to some 10,000 individual farmers, and that number will increase to about 15,000 taken into the pool by the bureau from about 170 local assembling points where the wool is stored, sacked and shipped in car lots to Lansing.

When a farmer turns his wool into the bureau he can secure an advance of 75 percent of its value at the current market price. The farmers, however, this year do not seem to be in serious need of immediate funds for very few have asked for this advance.

Farmers in other states are forming similar pools although no one of them is anywhere as extensive as this one. In New York state, for instance, the growers have small pools in 37 different counties.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds, etc

Auto-Buses for Jerusalem.

The Ramallah Company, of Jerusalem and New York, recently shipped several motor trucks fitted with special omnibus bodies to accommodate twenty-five passengers, the first of their kind ever sent to Palestine. So the Holy City will soon begin to look like a western avenue! The day of the camel is passing.

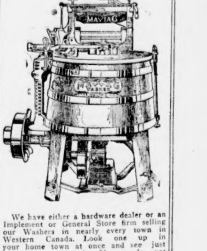
Marriages Boom in Germany

Germany is having a boom in marriages. A recent copy of the Lokalanzeiger contains 175 matrimonial advertisements, and new fellowships and clubs, of which the object is to promote marriage, are springing up everywhere.

Maytag Multi-Motor Washer

THERE is a Maytag Washing Machine for every need—Electric, Hand, Multi-Motor, and Power Driven.

In this issue we are going to call especial attention to the Maytag Multi-Motor Washer, the machine with a built-in half-horse, two cycle, air cooled engine, and equipped with the Swinging, Reversible Wringer. This is, without a question the best washing machine in the world for, on the farm or in towns where electricity is to be had.



We have either a hardware dealer or an implement or General Store firm selling our Washers in nearly every town in Western Canada. Look one up in your home town at once and see just what this machine is. If you do not find one, drop us a card, giving us the name of a dealer you would wish to have us write to and we will send you a copy of our Free Household Manual. It contains hundreds of valuable suggestions about washing and handling fabrics and also describes the machine.

One of the most delightful features of the Maytag Multi-Motor Washer is their ease of operation. Women everywhere agree that it is perfectly simple.

Put hot water and soap into the generous cypress wood tub. Fill it with soiled clothes. Then give the special starting wheel a dip with your foot. That is all. A business-like "put-put-put," the little Multi-Motor goes about its work and cleans all the washday worry from your face.

Many, many homes not having electricity are today enjoying this great convenience perfected in the famous Maytag factories.

It is the only washing machine in the world with a genuine motor built right into the machine.

Handles heavy or light pieces perfectly. Does a thorough job of cleansing in a short time.

Does away with all the hard work—saves a lot of time—and actually protects the clothes.

Has a power wringer. You merely feed the clothes through it. And when not used for washing, you can hitch your churn, separator, grinder, etc., to the special pulley wheel and the little Multi-Motor will operate them for you.

Why make the family washing a weekly nightmare when the cost and saving expense of the Maytag is so reasonable. Go to your local Maytag dealer and see this machine.

REMEMBER—See Your Dealer First

The Maytag Company Limited

WINNIPEG CALGARY

To Keep Meal.

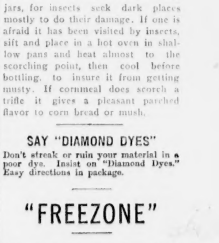
During hot months buy cornmeal, graham flour, or cereals in smaller quantities, then can in airtight glass jars, for insects seek dark places mostly to do their damage. If one is afraid it has been visited by insects, sift and place in a hot oven in shallow pans and heat almost to the scorching point, then cool before bottling, to insure it from getting musty. If cornmeal does scorch a trifle it gives a pleasant parched flavor to corn bread or mush.

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your materinl in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"FREEZONE"

Lift Off Corns! No Pain!



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the callouses, without soreness or irritation.

Experimental Work Is Ruling Out the Risk of Farming

The appointment of Professor John Bracken of the University of Saskatchewan to the presidency of the Manitoba Agricultural College, has attention to the invaluable work which has been undertaken for ten years on the subject of crop production. Ten years ago when Mr. Bracken came to Saskatchewan, the University consisted of a very fine site, a handful of professors and a room or two in one of the block buildings of Saskatoon. As in the fields of literature and science, so in that of agriculture, everything had yet to be done.

In a recent conversation the retiring director of field experiments at the University expressed the keenest regret at leaving the work with which he has been so intimately associated and which now promises such rich returns to the Province of Saskatchewan.

Seeking the Best Crops

"Since this work was started ten years ago (said the Professor) there have been tested out over 600 different varieties of crops of over 60 different species. As a result we are now able to say definitely which of these crops are not suitable to western conditions, and which crops are likely to give the best results for different purposes.

"These findings are available, not merely for the man who attends the University, but for every farmer in the Province; for the results have been embodied in some twenty-eight circulars published from time to time on various phases of crop production. The information is also disseminated widely by the Extension Department and is available for every speaker sent out from the College of Agriculture. By extensive correspondence, too, the results are made widely known.

"The practical outcome of the work has been to determine just what crops are likely to prove the most profitable, at least in West-Central Saskatchewan—the best cereals, the best for hay, for pasture, for fodder and for silage. Previously there was only guess-work, and farmers failed to make good through ignorance, of many facts which are now well established. By appropriating the available information grain-growers may now avoid many of these pitfalls which in the past have made crop-raising such a hazardous business.

Crop Management

"In addition to determining what crops were best suited to the West, we have endeavored to find out the best time and method for planting; the best amount to sow, and the best time and method for harvesting, curing and storing each of the crops now used by farmers. Every common crop grown in Western Canada has been planted at the University at five different times every spring in as many different plots and at five different rates per acre; and each of these crops has been harvested at different times and in different ways—accurate records of the agronomic data being kept for every test. Thus there is now at the University an array of facts which, when summarized, constitute an invaluable guide to farming under conditions similar to those existing at the University, which may be taken as typical of the largest soil type and climatic zone in the Province.

Plant Breeding and Selection.

It is, however, in the work of plant breeding and selection that the work of the department has been most pronounced. Literally hundreds of thousands of plants have been worked over, and scores of crosses made, in an effort to produce better yielding strains.

"We have now (continued the Professor), thanks to the indefatigable efforts of Cameron, Saville, Kirk, Henry, Harrington and others who have been associated with the work, —we have now, for every crop that the farmer grows in this Province, one or more varieties that durinig a period of from 3 to 5 years, have proven superior in carefully conducted tests to anything now being grown in Saskatchewan.

"Take barley, for instance. The commonly grown sort is O.A.C., No. 21, a six-rowed variety. An introduction brought in from Sweden ("Hanchen" barley), from which we have a very promising selection called 'Surprise,' has yielded 16 percent more in an average of 7 years testing than O.A.C., No. 21. which is its nearest competitor.

"It is not too much to say that the University selections will mean, in the next ten years, an increase in wealth of many millions of dollars to the Province. The use of this Hanchen variety, on the acreage now sown to barley in Saskatchewan, would result in an increase in yield each year sufficient to pay the total capital expenditure at the University since its inception. And this is only one instance among several that might be quoted.

New Crops

"The work at the University has shown that new crops are likely to play an important part in western agriculture. Kubanka wheat, for instance, has been shown to be more drought and rust resistant than any other wheat, and it deserves a place in the southern parts of the Province. A new and, as yet, unnamed, oat has been found which is slightly more productive than the highest yielder heretofore used. A very productive variety of spring rye, known as 'Prolific,' has been discovered; while a heavy-yielding variety of flax, known as 'Crown,' promises to outclass all others in productive power.

"We have also a new early pea ("Early White"), and a heavy yielding later variety ('Carlton'). In the field of fodder crops the possibilities of sunflowers for silage purposes have been amply demonstrated.

"These are all new introductions that have not been and are not now being grown to any extent in the Province, but which will be made available for farmers as soon as they can be increased for distribution.

A New Sweet Clover

"Several very hardy strains of alfalfa have been developed for western conditions, and one outstanding strain of sweet clover has been discovered and named 'Arctic' on account of its unusual hardiness and genral suitability to northern conditions. It is quite possible that 'Arctic' sweet clover may prove to be just as big a step in making permanent our western agriculture as the summerfallow was in making possible its development, or as red clover has been in building up the agriculture of the eastern half of the continent.

"We have now reached the point where, on our older lands we have to make a change. We have, so to speak, been drawing on our capital account without making any deposits, and we cannot keep on doing that for ever. The problem 30 years ago was to develop this land: the problem now is to conserve it, and this is what our 'Arctic' clover, or sweet clover, with its nitrogen-obtaining quality will aid in doing.

Securing the Largest Yields.

"In studying the best methods of soil management, 21 different fertilizers or combinations of fertilizers have been applied annually at the University farm, and the effect of each measured on the yield of several different crops. One hundred and twenty annual rotations and forty perennial rotations are being tested out side by side. Summerfallow is being tilled in 16 different ways and measurement taken of the effect of each on the yield of five different crops. Stubble land is cultivated in 8 different ways each year and measured by the effects on each of five crops. Prairie and grass land are also managed in different ways and data on the relative yield secured.

Eliminating Chance

"As a result of all this the University is in possession of facts to advise farmers how to proceed. It is not a question (said the Professor), of giving one's opinion, or of advancing some theory, but of quoting actual facts. Of course no one hopes to eliminate all chance in farming, but work of this nature furnishes facts which enable men to reduce risk to the lowest point. The practical aim of the University undertakings has been the elimination of chance by the accumulation of scientific facts; thus to build up a safe, sane and profitable system of farming in place of one that has been founded largely upon faith and tradition.

The Future

"In view of the work done, the next move will be the increase and distribution of the improved crops to the farmers. By way of extending the experimental work it has been proposed to undertake, in a small way, the different lines of work that would have been conducted at the University, on each important soil type and in each climatic zone of the Province. In other words to place a small edition of the University Investigation Field in each of the 8 or 10 districts in Saskatchewan. In this way similar valuable data would be secured for every portion of the Province.

"Another plan the department of Field Husbandry had in mind was the study by co-operation experiments with hundreds of farmers in as many different parts of the Province of the best crops to grow, the best methods of growing them and the best ways of managing the land in each particular local district."

Our Most Valuable Asset.

Even a casual visit to the University impresses one with the fact that little short of a miracle has been accomplished in the ten years of its existence. A chat with Professor Bracken certainly confirms this, and one begins to understand the remark that the University is "the most valuable asset the Province has." What the application of the results already in crop production alone will mean to the Province in the immediate years it would be impossible to compute. The wildest figures would probably be too small. And crops are only one feature of one department of the University's activities.

It should be borne in mind that the department of Field Husbandry at the University does more than conduct crop experiments. Hundreds of young farmers (there should be thousands), flock there each winter in order to learn the science of crop production; while for those who cannot so attend there is the extension work and the Better Farming Train each endeavoring to spread the information which the University, through its experiments, has been able to acquire.

At the beginning of this year the retiring head of the Field Husbandry department embodied the results of the crop experimental work in a book entitled, "Crop Production In Western Canada," which farmers of the West will find a veritable Bible on the subject of grain growing. It goes without saying that this work (the result of ten years of investigation work at the University of Saskatchewan), is the most authoritative text obtainable on the subject of western crops. It is the Grain-growers' Guide. Farmers will be interested to learn that in the early fall of this year the same author will put out another work entitled, "Dry Farming In Western Canada."

The publication of two such works from so young a University as Saskatchewan literally "speaks volumes" for the standard of the work there being done, and the Province may well be proud of its chief institution. It is pleasing to know that when the East (if Winnipeg may be called "East"), wants big men nowadays it comes to Saskatchewan to get them. Professor Bracken's appointment is incidentally a great tribute to the University in whose service the new president has been able to build up the reputation which today places him in the front rank of notable agronomists.

It is more than gratifying to realize that so well have foundations been laid at the University that the crop experimental work will be carried on and extended by those who have been associated with the director in the invaluable work which proceeds day in day out at the Provincial Seat of Learning.

PROF. JOHN BRACKEN
Late of the University of Saskatchewan, appointed to the presidency of Manitoba Agricultural College.

For A Consideration

Spratt (gloomily).—I don't believe I have a friend in the world.

Sponger.— You can make one: I need $5.

Airplane engines have been adapted for driving motorboats and pumping machinery.

A bank note printed for $50 on one side and $100 on the other appeared in circulation in 1890.

The Cry for Bread

Scarcity of Wheat Causes Alarm In Britain.

Every succeeding month enhances the dire probability of an approaching scarcity of wheat. Englishmen have so long enjoyed the first call on the whole world's wheat exports that many of them appear unable to realize that in peace-time it is not a law of nature that English mouths shall be filled with good white bread. At the Royal Counties show at Reading Lord Lee urged upon his hearers the accumulating testimony that from this time forth our accustomed supplies of wheat from abroad will be unprocurable for an unknown time. The United States have now little more than two-thirds of their war-time wheat acreage; in the Argentine the export of wheat has been temporarily prohibited, and its future is uncertain; in Australia, a bad harvest will barely supply Australia's own needs. As for Russia, the hope of procuring grain from that broken plaything of Bolshevist tyrants is remote. Informants of the prime minister believe that large stores of grain exist in Russia; other authorities who have at least as good sources of information do not. If these stores actually exist, as far as transport is recognized the starving Russian people will make the first claim upon them, and they will, therefore, not be available for British consumption.—London Times.

Living With Wolves

Strange Stories In Real Life That Rival "Tarzan of the Apes."

In view of the success of "Tarzan of the Apes" as a film and as a novel, it is interesting to note that there have been Tarzans in real life. Not long ago there was the case of a child who was reared by monkeys. A human being was discovered near Naina Tal having a thick coating of hair which gave him the appearance of a monkey. It is thought that owing to this curious resemblance a troop of monkeys had adopted him as a child. When discovered this strange creature was treated as a wild animal, but on further examination vaccination marks on both arms gave convincing proof of his true origin. A curious incident befell a shooting party in India in 1884. Dr. Condon, of the Indian Civil Service, was in command. In a forest they discovered an unkempt object which they prepared to shoot, but on closer inspection, proved to be a boy walking on all fours. It was at first difficult to capture him, but after a good deal of trouble he was persuaded to come near. Dr. Condon then found that he had lived in a den of wolves and ate only the raw flesh brought to him by his animal foster parents. His arrival in Europe created surprise and consternation, the willing guardians were found for him and he was won back to civilization.

Must Conserve Lumber

Vital Need Is to Protect Our Present Supply.

Every form of business depends more or less upon lumber and no other material lends itself to so many uses. The beauty and comfort of our homes, the very existence of our railroads, the economical handling of manufactured goods, the benefits of a free press—the entire prosperity of the nation, in fact, is built up on a plentiful supply of this most necessary material. Within a century, the forests of the United States have been reduced from 850,000,000 acres to 150,000,000. All persons are consuming lumber at a greater rate than ever before. Replanting is a matter of years, while our vital need is to protect our present supply. Conservation and preservation must join hands—Canadian Lumberman.

Novel Chicken Food.

The extent to which the advocacy of ale can be carried by people who like it, without consideration for its real food value—or lack of value—is curiously illustrated in an English book published in 1899, on raising poultry. "In cold weather," says the writer, "a little sulphate of iron should always be added to the water, and a little bread, soaked in ale may be found beneficial." It is rare, indeed, that anything containing the least percentage of alcohol is recommended for any member of the animal creation. Least of all would one expect it to be even mentioned as beneficial to chicken, of course, it only says, "may be" found beneficial. If it were, breeders surely would have heard more in its favor.

If a man is both bad and worthless there isn't much hope for him.

Practical Instruction In Agriculture is Better Than Book Farming

Teaching agriculture from a text book is a remnant of the earlier method in the development of agricultural education, as tried in the public schools. In Ontario, between the years 1845 and 1898, four different text books were used. At present there is no prescribed text book in agriculture in that province. Not that the printed word as a means of enlightening the mind is ignored. But for young pupils in elimentary schools, the primer in agriculture is the book that lies open in every country child's every day observation and experience. The book is the Book of Nature as found in the farm. The teacher of agriculture directs the learner to that book, and helps him to read it. He learns from his teacher just as a farm child in a good home, with an intelligent father and mother, learns lessons in agriculture and in life every day. It is a natural method of teaching and learning agriculture. It awakens an interest, it trains the powers of observation, it leads to inquiries and experiments; and the trained teacher, who is the chief guide in the intellectual development of the child uses these interests, these inquiries, these experiments as the solid ground work for her building. She goes further in teaching agriculture than any home can.

The pupil seeks the help of books, but he is not primarily dependent on books. There is created in him a taste for reading and his reading is directed intelligently. But the method does not make "book farmers"; it makes interested intelligent reading farmers. Moreover, the book is not discarded, but given a place of honour; every country school should have its agricultural book-shelf.

To Conserve Helium

Canada is only Part of British Empire Having Helium

By the award of a grant of $5,000 to assist Professor J. C. McLennan in his investigation of the properties of helium to determine its uses for lamps of various kinds, amplifying valves, high resistances, etc, the honorary advisory council for scientific and industrial research hopes to see accomplished a method of conserving helium, which at the present is being wasted in Canada at the rate of 1,000,000 cubic feet per month. Its value is estimated at not less than 10 cents per cubic foot. Most of the wastage at present taking place is in the gas field of the Bow river district, near Calgary. In Calgary it is estimated that 12,000,000 cubic feet of helium is being lost yearly.

Canada is the only part of the British empire having helium resources and because of its peculiar lightness it is thought that the gas has been highly regarded and has been in great demand for the inflation of lighter-than-air craft. Now it is hoped to find other uses for it also.

The investigation now under way will involve the liquefaction of the gas. It is understood that a large grant from the research appropriation of the University of Toronto is also to be available for extension of this work.

In Canada the gas is found chiefly in the Bow river gas fields, and the right to extract helium from the natural gas is held by the crown. The gas at Bow river contains 3 per cent. of helium and the council is urging upon the government the necessity of conserving the supply, as the flow of both gas and helium in the West is diminishing rapidly.

Britons Sleep in Shifts

Housing Shortage Necessitates Doubling on Beds

So acute is the housing shortage in Hamilton and other parts of Lanarkshire, England, that families are using beds in double shifts. As a result labor and Socialist agitators have drawn attention to the untenanted condition of Hamilton Palace and there has been a popular clamor that the Duke of Hamilton should be invited to sell the historic building and its adjoining offices to relieve the home shortage.

Since the sale of the palace some months ago the rooms have been stripped of their costly furnishings of gold and their rich gildings and experts agree that with little expense the palace could accommodate scores of homeless families.

It is stated that the provost of Hamilton has made an offer for the purchase of the palace. In the stables alone nearly one hundred people could be comfortably housed.

Colonizing Canada's Farm Lands

A steady stream of land-seekers from all parts of the United States continues to flow into the Battleford district of Central Saskatchewan, where a large area of fertile land, especially suited to dairying and general farming, awaits the settler.

All speak in the highest terms of the wonderful luxuriant growth this year throughout the district and in practically every case the visitor decides to make that part of the country his future home, and to take part in its development.

Protection of Wild Fowl

Daily Bag Limits are Imposed in all the Provinces

Important changes are involved in new regulations under the Migratory Birds Convention act. Daily bag limits are imposed in all provinces and there are new restrictions with regard to protection of the birds imposed throughout Canada.

In Manitoba the open season for ducks is September 1 to December 14, both inclusive, and the bag limit is 20 ducks on any one day to October 1, and 40 thereafter in the aggregate of all kinds. Ten geese on any allowed per day, 15 brant and 25 aggregate of rails, coots and galinules. Plovers and yellow-legs are limited to 15; snipes, 25; woodcock, 10; doves, 25. The season's duck limit is 250.

Saskatchewan—Limits are 50 ducks geese or brant, with the smaller birds the same as Manitoba. The season's limit is 250 birds, including ducks, geese or brant.

Alberta sportsmen may take 30 ducks per day, geese, 15 brant. The season's duck limit is 200.

British Columbia's limit is 20 ducks per day, 10 geese and 15 brant. The duck limit is 250 and geese 50.

The following close season restrictions are imposed throughout all Canada:

No person shall kill, or attempt to kill any migratory game birds during the open season, except with a gun not larger than No. 10 gauge.

No person shall kill, or attempt to kill any migratory game birds by the use of any automatic gun or battery, or by the use of an aeroplane, power boat, sail boat, or sunken boat.

No person shall hunt or attempt to kill any migratory bird between the hours of sunset and sunrise.

No person shall kill or attempt to kill from any motor vehicle or horse-drawn vehicle any migratory game bird.

There is practically no change in the regulations for scientific permits, but important new regulations are passed regarding the propagation of migratory birds, for the purpose of keeping tab upon and controlling the propagation of migratory birds in captivity, whether to be used for food, ornamental or zoological purposes, etc.

Taxidermists have to register in future and secure a license at a fee of one dollar.

Orgy of Extravagance

The whole world has come to London to scatter its gains and squander its hoards. Hotels, restaurants, and theatres are glutted with the flung surplus of the cosmopolitan Croesus. The very menials are surfeited with tips. The shops are gorged with custom. The streets are clogged with costly traffic. You may pretend not to be dazzled and deafened by the roaring torrent of luxury. You may try to take for granted the Niagara of pleasure. But never in our time has money been poured out so recklessly and ruthlessly.—London Express.

Valuable Alfalfa Yield.

J. E. Strong, who raised eleven acres of alfalfa seed on his irrigated farm north of Brooks last year, has issued a statement as to his earnings, having disposed of all his seed. His gross return was $6,543 off the field, or almost $600 an acre. He produced 7,700 pounds, which sold at 85 cents a pound. This is considered the greatest financial return per acre of any farm in the west.

Ten to one it's your own fault if luck is against you.

Hot Weather Specials

Screens

Screen Doors.
Screen Windows
Screen Wire Cloth.
ALL SIZES AND WIDTHS

FLY SWATTERS
NOSE NETS
AUSTRALIAN WATER BAGS
HAND SPRAYERS
GARDEN TOOLS, etc., etc.

STRATHMORE HARDWARE

ENGINE FOR SALE

RUMELY ENGINE 16-30 H.P.

Used last year for threshing only. This engine is in fine shape. Ask for particulars.

BOX 22 STRATHMORE

Washday Worries Solved by Delco Light

DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

ROLAND HILL,
LOCAL AGENT

The Ladies Aid Society of the Union Church will meet at the home of Mrs. R. A Anderson, Wednesday, August 18th.

Mrs Williams, of Carseland, is visiting with Mrs. W. C. Tucker at present.

Mrs. Tom Crawford and daughter Alice returned on Sunday from a ten days visit to Pasco, Washington, where they have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Crawford's eldest son Jack.

The new manager of the Alberta Pacific Elevator at Nightingale is Mr. D. E. Anderson, formerly of Munson. Mr. Brown who has been agent at Nightingale for several years has been transferred to the Langdon elevator of the Company.

Local Jottings

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Readers are requested to send in items for this column not later than 12 o'clock Monday noon preceding day of publication. All local news items are welcomed by the Standard. Phone 17 or 66

Every cent spent in advertising will return dividends in increased business.

Mr Layzell will sell by auction in Strathmore, on Saturday of this week 22 head of horses from Dr. J. W. Giffin's ranch near Brooks. These are all first-class stock. Details will be found in our advertising columns.

Strathmore Oddfellows meet to-morrow evening in their hall above Brown's store.

Mr P. J. Whyte, who recently came out west from Boston, has bought Mrs. McFarlane's confectionery business under the Opera House, and is now running it Mr. Whyte is a returned veteran having been in France with the 9th and 36th Field Artillery Batteries. He was wounded several times while overseas Mr. Whyte is a native of the Maritime Provs. and had a fair reputation there prior to the war as a long distance runner His wife and baby have also made their home in Strathmore.

Mrs. McFarlane and her son have been very popular since they opened up business here last fall and have worked up a good business.

Messrs W. M. Marshall and A. R. Bell returned last week from a motor trip in Southern Alberta, having visited Taber, Grassy Lake, Lethbridge, and other places. They are both interested in farm land in the south, and report that crop conditions look a whole lot better there now than they did some time ago, and that a fairly good crop will be harvested.

Wm. Tierney was fined a total sum of $20 and costs on three charges on Monday two of drunkenness, and one of having liquor in his possession not being a householder. He was also warned that next time he appeared on a similar charge he would not have the option of a fine. A local farmer whose name appeared on the prescription form pasted on the bottle was also brought up, the minimum penalty of $10 being imposed on the plea that he was unaware of the offence involved.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Union Church are holding a Garden Party on the lawn at the home of Mr. McKechnie, Friday, August 20th, afternoon and evening.

Many ratepayers of Grassewold Municipality attended the meeting held to discuss the assessment for the present year, held in the schoolhouse at Tudor on Saturday. Reeve Lennard presided. After considerable discussion it was agreed to make some decrease in the amount which the assessor had set.

High River fair opened yesterday. Mr. H. C. Sweet, principal of Standard School, has been offered and accepted the position of principal of a five-roomed consolidated school at Champion, Alberta. While in Standard Mr. Sweet was editor of the "Enterprise," the newsy sheet published by that time. His place as editor of the "Entrprise is being taken by Mr. H. A Thomas.

A big dance is to be held at Nightingale to-morrow (Thursday evening. Music will be furnished by a Calgary Orchestra and a good time is assured to all.

A baseball tournament and sports day will be held in Delroy today (Wednesday). Three ball games will be held commencing at 10.30, 1.30, and 5.30 respectively. The competing teams are Keoma, Langdon, Dalemead, and Delroy. A number of races will also be run off, including several horse and pony races A dance will be held in the evening A good days enjoyment is therefore ahead of all who go to Delroy to-day.

Hon. C. H. Poole, the eloquent orator from the Antipodes at Friday evening's Chautauqua, praised the Hospitality of Americans, to the New Zealand boys while they were passing through the Panama Canal. The editor the standard was fortunate enough to make the trip with the only boatload of Canadians that passed through the Panama Canal zone, and can bear out everything that Hon. Poole said regarding American hospitality. They certainly treated the returning troops in the finest manner possible.

Everybody come and have a good supper as well as a good time.

Chautauqua Week

NEXT WEEK

Get your growing boy his first pair of long pants for the occasion.

Young Men's Suits in nobby styles at reasonable prices, per suit
$22.50 to $40.00

Boy's Bloomer Suits, per suit
$10.50 & $18.60

Mens Suits, per suit,
$35.00 to $58.50

Shirts, Collars, Ties, Panama Hats, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc.

HARVEST SUPPLIES

A full line of Harvest Goods in stock at all times

DOBSON'S
Men's Outfitter, Strathmore

BEACH & FOX

Phone 28 Phone 28

It pays to advertise, but it pays YOU better to take advantage of the many bargains we have to offer every week.

"The Store of Personal Service"

OVERALLS

Men's Heavy Plain Blue and Khaki Combination Overalls, all sizes $5.95

Blue Striped Bib OVERALLS all sizes and prices from $2.50 to $3.75

Moleskin Pants

at $4.75

The Good Old Khaki Pants at per Pair $3.75

Many Dress Pants at pre-war prices.

GLOVES

Mule Gloves per pair only $1.00
Mule Gauntlet Gloves, per pair $1.25
If you want a good comfortable work shoe for Harvest we have a dandy mule with elk sole, per pair $5.50

UNDERWEAR

Athlete Combinations	$1.75
Very fine Balbriggan	$2.00
Finest Merino	$2.75

GROCERIES & FRESH FRUITS
our stock is complete at all times and our prices cannot be beaten.

Strathmore's Departmental Store

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Hittle were back on a weekend visit on Sunday. Mr. Hittle is still engaged on building work for the C.P.R. in the Eastern Irrigation block, but expects to be back home by the end of August.

Lighting for the Chautauqua was supplied by a Delco Light outfit through the kindness of Mr. Roland Hill the local agent, and it gave a fine light for the big tent.

SPECIAL
Unreserved Auction Sale of Horses
AT STRATHMORE
Saturday, August 14th
at 2 o'clock
22 Head of Horses

Work Mares and Geldings, 4 and 5 years old, well broke, weight from 2400 to 3800 lbs a team.

These horses are sold on the instructions of Dr. J. W. Giffin, and are first-class stock.

NOTE—Further entries will be accepted for this sale, but they must be absolutely without reserve.

TERMS—3 months time on approved notes, 2 per cent discount for cash.

If in need of horses for work or investment do not fail to attend this sale.

A. LAYZELL & CO., LTD.
A. Layzell & J. W. Durno.
Phone E5107, E5499 Auctioneers.

F. T. McELHOES
The Land Man

If you wish to buy or sell, see me.

We are in touch with the best prospects, and have large listings.

Phone Office 36, Res. 13.
STRATHMORE

TRAIN SERVICE
Strathmore, Effective May 2nd.
No. 4 Eastbound 3.51 p.m.
No. 2. Westbound 6.00 p.m.
Trans-Canada
No. 8 Eastbound, in Calgary 4.10 p.m.
No. 7. Westbound in Calgary 10.05 a.m.

Weather Report

Supplied by C. P. Irrigation Dept.

Date	Min.	Max	Precipitation.
From August 3rd to August 9th			
3	48.0	78.5	
4	46.5	74.2	.05
5	47.0	82.3	
6	48.2	87.0	
7	49.0	87.5	
8	48.0	88.3	
9	52.0	73.1	

INSURE YOUR CAR
AGAINST FIRE, THEFT, AND DESTRUCTION
with
F. R. LILLY
Insurance Agent — Strathmore.

STRATHMORE JEWELLERY STORE
A fine selection of Jewelery, Watches, Clocks, Cut Glass, Silverwear, and optical goods, always in stock.
Expert Repairing.
B. DAVIS
Jeweler & Watchmaker
Issuer of Marriage Licenses

E. E. ZERKLE
COAL DEALER
Galt Coal Always on Hand
Imperial Oils & Gasoline
Phone 32 Strathmore

Prohibition Issue Looms Large With Democrats

San Francisco, Calif.—Issues, rather than men, furnish the battleground for the Democratic national convention which has opened here.

Candidates probably cannot be considered until the League of Nations issue is settled. The Irish question have been fought on the floor. Contests over these planks in the party platform seem inevitable, and the convention is all set for a stormy time.

The big fight is over William Jennings Bryan's determination to have a platform on the "no wet can run."

The administration forces appear so far to be pursuing a hands-off policy. As yet nobody knows what to expect from the White House. On the League of Nations issue, the administration forces are lined up for a plank modelled after the Virginia platform, which declares for a covenant "without destructive reservations."

Mr. Bryan and his associates want a declaration for the league with reservations "to safeguard every interest." The lines of the fight over the Irish question are not so clearly define'.

While the question of issues shows that but little change is apparent in the line-up of strength of the various candidates, Cox and Palmer are expected to go in for a test of strength on the various ballots, and Underwood and Lowden at Chicago did likewise.

The Cox people profess to have sufficient strength to eliminate Palmer on the preliminary ballots, and then play to pit their candidate against the field. At this stage it looks as if the Democrats would have a "big three" just as the Republicans had.

The wets and drys today launched their planks on the prohibition issue. For the "drys" Mr. Bryan made his proposed plank public, a sweeping declaration for the Volstead Act without increase in the alcoholic content of beverages. From the "wet" campaign planks drafted by Postmaster-general Burleson were issued. One declares for "individual liberty," and modification of the Volstead law to remove its "drastic and unreasonable feature, and the other asks for amendment permitting beverages, "in fact not intereeding," in connection with the prohibition question there was a third attitude shown, among powerful leaders backing a movement to prevent any mention of the liquor question in the platform.

Out of all the preliminary skirmishes stands the fact that Bryan is again the storm centre of the Democratic convention. When this plank became known it was dubbed the "desert plank," because it was so dry.

Large Increase in Dairying

Saskatchewan Stands Third in Number of Milch Cows for Population

The number of milk producers patronising the creameries in the province of Saskatchewan increased from 19,700 in 1918 to 26,299 in 1919, or over 33 percent, according to the dairy commissioner. A table prepared by the Dominion department of agriculture, giving the number of patrons of dairy factories in Canada, shows for Saskatchewan as follows: 1913, 11,200; 1916, 12,300; 1917, 14,389; 1918, 19,439. The Dominion figures include, however, only the patrons of the large manufacturing plants which submitted reports to the Dominion bureau of statistics, while provincial figures prepared by Mr. Reed are complete. Saskatchewan stands fifth in the list of provinces, according to the number of producers patronising the creameries, although it is third according to the number of milch cows owned by its population.

Women May Win Victoria Cross

By a royal decree recently published, women will in the future be eligible for the Victoria Cross. The decree provides that matrons, sisters, nurses and the staff of nursing services and other services pertaining to hospitals and nursing, and civilians of either sex, serving regularly or temporarily under the orders, direction or supervision of the British forces, shall be eligible for the decoration of the Cross.

Labor Rejects Prohibition

London.—The Labor party conference at Scarborough rejected prohibition resolutions by overwhelming majorities, but carried a resolution favoring local option.

TWENTY-FIVE MILLION IN ESTIMATES FOR GRAND TRUNK RY.

Ottawa.—Supplementary estimates totalling $62,002,482.93 were tabled in the house. The principal item is one on a vote of $25,000,000 to the Grand Trunk Railway. The loan is to be used in meeting expenditures made, or indebtedness incurred or payable in respect of deficits in operating expenses, interest on securities, maturing loans, construction equipment, renewals and betterments, and for the purpose of retiring maturing indebtedness and interest thereon. The funded indebtedness to which reference is made is such as was in existence before March 8, 1920, the date of the agreement between the crown and the Grand Trunk.

It is provided that the minister of finance, instead of applying towards loan retirement portions of the $25,000,000 loan, with the approval of the governor-in-council, guaranteed the principal and interest of securities of the Grand Trunk or any of the companies comprised in the G.T.R. system.

There is also a further vote of $400,000 to provide for expenditure in connection with the acquisition of the Grank Trunk. After the Grand Trunk loan the next largest vote is one of $9,550,000 to meet the additional pension charges as provided in the revised scale of pensions which passed the house a few days ago.

Other large items are: maintenance of Canadian navy, $1,700,000; public works, harbors, wharfs, etc., $1,977,798; air board, $1,650,000; soldiers' civil re-establishment, $6,738,-504; increase in salaries due to application of reclassification of civil service for years 1919, 1920, and 1921, $6,000,000; Canadian government railways, additional amount required to pay off deficit of working expenditure for year ending March 31, 1902, $1,-000,000.

Come Home to Roost

Anglophobes are Given a Lecture by American Paper

The recklessness with which Great Britain is often assailed by Anglophobes in the United States leaves one with the impression that these assailants labor under a delusion. The delusion is that in this country it is always safe to kick England. Nothing could be farther from the truth. It is never tolerated as an insult or interefere in the domestic affairs of any foreign nation. The same courtesy which we expect from foreign countries they expect from us, and if we do not accord it to them, they have the same feeling of outrage that we feel ourselves when under the lash of intemperate or envenomed criticism from abroad. — Springfield Republican.

Criminal Carelessness

Heavy Fire Losses Which are the Direct Result of Negligence

"The fire, which started in a waste-paper basket, is supposed to have been caused by a cigarette butt."

The above summarizes the cause. But for the fortunate discovery by a passing policeman the whole block at night, a valuable manufacturing plant would have been in ruins, a large number of employees would have been out of work, and considerable time would necessarily have elapsed before operations could be renewed.

Criminal carelessness was only offset by fortunate circumstances. A few minutes later and the fire would have made sufficient headway to ensure a complete loss.

The 1919 amendment to the Criminal Code provides that "Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment who by negligence causes any fire which occasions loss of life or loss of property."

Avenge Essad Pasha

A widespread movement to avenge the murder of Essad Pasha, Albanian leader, has broken out in various parts of Italy and Albania, according to dispatches from Belgrade. Thousands of inhabitants of Tirana formed an organized mob, massacred 330 Italian prisoners, and hauled 24 others out of a train at Krachar and put them to death.

Moving Pictures as An Educative Force

Can Do Much to Encourage the Back-to-the-Land Movement

A good many people are worried about the moving pictures. They think that time and money are wasted by them, and that their influence is unwholesome. There can be no doubt but that they have captured the public heart. Scattered about in all parts of the cities and with prices of admission far below those of the regular theatres, they attract ten times, perhaps a hundred times, as many people as the old-fashioned dramatic performances.

There are good, bad and indifferent performances. They might be greatly improved by instructive criticism, most of the criticism is restrictive. The censorship cuts out what is bad or supposed to be bad, but suggests nothing better. What is really to be deplored is that the splendid field open to the picture men is not used as it ought to be. There are hundreds of classic stories that might be displayed with much less expense than is involved in some of the productions now shown. What a splendid series of pictures the Pilgrim's Progress would make. And the Bible stories and Greek myths would make. An education in art could be given by showing famous buildings, mountains, and other natural scenery. This is done to a certain extent, but not enough. There would be rest for eyes instead of the strain of which complaint is sometimes made.

Scenes of crime and violence are sometimes shown under the notion that they will be a warning to evil-doers. The intention may be good, but it is not always carried out. Crimes which end in punishment are nevertheless imitated. The better way is to show the right kind of life in such a way—beautiful scenery, noble actions, good manners. Encourage the "Back-to-the-Land" movement by depicting life on the farm. The sowing, the harvesting, the feeding and the care of animals. Be truthful. Don't disguise the fact that farming is hard work, but don't degrade it by farcical pictures.

Educational picture need not be dry. It is not necessary to advertise the fact that they are educational and present them like a doze of medicine. A good man or woman is not always giving advice and uttering moral maxims. The influence of such a person is due to character and manners, to the creation of a certain wholesome atmosphere, that is the way to put education into the moving pictures.—Ottawa Record.

Rye a Sure Crop for Alberta

Farmers Are Realizing This Fact and Are Encouraging Planting Of This Crop

Experience has shown that one of the best crops for southern Alberta, and one which ensures a profitable yield every year, is rye. Both the provincial government and the more progressive farmers are realizing this fact and are encouraging the planting of this crop. The farmer who puts in rye at the end of July can then engage in other work outside the farm with full assurance of a crop in the spring

The suitability of the land for this crop is demonstrated by Oscar Dewery of Lethbridge, Alta., who has just shown a sample of fall rye sown the latter part of July, standing 52 inches in height.

Live Stock Loss

Averaged Eight Percent Over the Whole Province of Alberta

The total loss in livestock in Alberta during the past winter and spring has been reported by the department of agriculture to be not more than eight percent, according to a statement made by H. A. Craig, deputy minister of agriculture.

The government has issued an official statement, said Mr. Craig, fixing the average loss at not more than eight percent. The loss was much greater than this in some districts, but the average over the whole province was not more than that. It is estimated that about 90,000 head were lost, which makes the loss a little more than one head for every farmer in Alberta, as it is estimated that there are 60,000 farmers in the province. Some districts lost as high as 25 percent.

Ulster Wants Protection

Belfast. —The standing committee of the Ulster unionist council has decided to call on the government to protect the lives and property of loyal inhabitants of the province with the forces of the crown.

Failing this protection the committee decided that it should recognize and utilize the service of the Ulster royalists.

Big Demand for Draft Horses

Weight Now Worth About Fifty Dollars per Hundred-weight

Within the last three years horsemen urgently advocated the general breeding in this country of a type of heavy particularly suited to cavalry purposes. They argued that the war demand had taken so many of that class, that a shortage was certain to follow. A writer in the Breeders' Gazette, points out the error of this contention and the wisdom of steadfastly adhering to the breeding of the best draft horses.

One must have all the evidence it is possible to collect pro and con before he is said in making unqualified prediction as to the turn of economic events. Those who expected to see a demand for light horses, now realize instead of it that the war did not take away enough of our great surplus of animals with more or less light blood in them. There seems to be no peace job now for them. One or two to a farm for saddle and mud driving are enough, and almost none are used in town.

Light loads at a fast speed and big loads over a long mileage are taken by motor. Only the big loads on short hauls are left for the horse. This summarizes the tradic situation now as it affects the horse. There is thus little demand for anything but one type of horse. The animal to sell well must be big. A sound, shapely draft horse of 1,700 pounds' weight brings easily enough $200 to $400 on the market at present, but a horse 300 to 400 pounds smaller brings only half as much. A few years ago weight on a horse was worth about $25 per cwt, now it is worth about $50. Team owners assert that they cannot find as many good big horses as they need, although they are willing to pay the price necessary to secure all that are offered.

This demand for the best big horses is likely to continue. Now that many teaming and trucking concerns have accurate figures on the cost of transporting freight by each means, the assertion is frequently made that a truck is not sent with a load horses could take just as well. The trucks are used for long hauls that horses cannot make. Horses are wanted for the close-in work; they do that more cheaply than trucks.

Since this urgent enquiry for the best draft horses accompanies the rapid introduction of tractors and trucks, there is good indication that draft horses will pay well for their raising. Farmers generally are expecting a period of somewhat lower prices for farm-grown feeds, and that would favor the keeping of horses. We are right now experiencing a period of advancing prices for motor oils and fuels, and that likewise is a condition favoring the use of horse hauling instead of tractors and trucks. The whole situation favors draft horse breeding as a paying venture. But it must be draft horses, not near-draft horses, if one is to make the most money from it.

New Trading Routes

World Map Has to be Made Over Since the War

That the commercial supremacy of Great Britain in these post-war days is unimpaired is evidenced by some astonishing figures supplied by leading British papers. The trade rivals of Britain are beginning to see that the race that colonized the world is far from being decadent. New lines of commerce are being rapidly developed along directions opened by the war, not the least of these being the new Near East from London to Bagdad, a trip that can be made in five days. By this route the trip to Calcutta will consume but ten days from London, and to Capetown by the Suez from ten to twelve days.

It is proposed to construct a tunnel under Gibraltar, and with the completion of the English Channel tunnel, there will be opened an eight day route to Rio Janeiro, to Buenos Ayres in nine days, and to Chile ten days. The lines of commerce will truly soon show some startling changes, with Britain in an enviable position to maintain the trade supremacy which she has held so long.

Canada's Fur Exports

In the fiscal year 1918-1919, 12,723,-000 pelts were imported into the U. S. from Canada. These imports included large numbers of rabbit skins from Australia and New Zealand, India and Peru. These figures demonstrate that Canada is exporting more furs than ever before in her history, and that the number of fur-bearers taken in 1918-1919 was in excess of the annual increment, thus trenching upon our capital stock.

Greeks Jubilant Over Successes Against the Turks

HIGHER SALARIES FOR CABINET MINISTERS AND MEMBERS

Ottawa. — Cabinet ministers and judges are to get increased salaries and members of parliament are to get the $4,000 indemnity which they have been advocating. The government's intentions in the matter were revealed in a statement issued by the prime minister.

The salary of members of the cabinet is to be increased from $7,000 to $10,000 per annum; that of the premier from $12,000 to $15,000. The salary of the solicitor-general, who does not usually hold cabinet rank, is increased from $5,000 to $7,000; that of the leader of the opposition from $7,000 to $10,000; of the speakers of the senate and the house of commons from $4,000 to $6,000; and of the deputy speaker of the house from $3,000 to $4,000. The sessional indemnity of members is increased from $2,500 to $4,000.

The salaries of judges of the supreme court of Canada, of judges of the superior courts of provinces and of county court judges are similarly increased. Announcement of an increase in the sessional indemnity, accompanied by the further intimation that the government is proposing to amend existing legislature in regard to members attending the house, was made.

The following are the increases in judicial salaries recommended:

Supreme court of Canada— Chief Justice, from $10,000 to $15,000. Puisne judges, from $9,000 to $12,-000.

Superior courts of provinces.— Chief Justices, from $8,000 to $10,000. Puisne judges, from $7,000 to $9,000

County courts— Judges of county courts in the counties of Canada in which there is a city with a population of 40,000 or over, an increase of $1,000, that is, from $4,000 to $5,000 per annum.

Notwithstanding these increases judicial salaries in Canada are still substantially below those now being paid to the judges holding corresponding positions in Great Britain and some of the other dominions of the empire, the statement says.

Picture Canada's Resources

Will Depict Resources of Northern Alberta by Means of Moving Pictures

A picturial record of the resources of northern Alberta and that portion of the North-West Territories immediately north of that province is the purpose of one of the most ambitious moving picture expeditions ever undertaken in Canada. A start is being made from Montreal, and during a trip of two months, twenty thousand miles will be covered by water and land.

It is proposed to take about 20,000 feet of film and on the return of the expedition the pictures will be displayed for the benefit of the people of Canada, United States and other countries. The expedition will be accompanied by R. A. Brooke, a former member of the geological survey, and he will deliver addresses accompanying the showing of the pictures at important places, including Toronto, Montreal and New York, as well as Ottawa, where a special exhibition will be given for the benefit of members of parliament.

Buy Farm From Airplane

A novel method of selling farm lands was introduced in Winnipeg recently, when a local real estate dealer conducted his prospective purchaser by a 25-minute air trip to a farm 30 miles from this city and then closed the deal over the wings of an "Avro" airplane.

This is claimed to be the first time in America that a real estate company has given a purchaser a real "bird's-eye" view of their property.

Women Choose Calgary

St. John, N.B.—Calgary was chosen for the 1921 meeting place of the National Council of Women convention.

Population of U. S.

Washington. — The population of the United States is estimated at 105,-000,000 by J. A. Hill, chief statistician of the census bureau.

Constantinople.— Depression prevails in Turkish circles over the news that the Nationalists fled in disorder in the first attack against them. The Turkish newspapers do not conceal their fear that the situation is becoming grave owing to the reported heavy losses of the Nationalist bands in the Ismid regions, where they are retiring.

Ali Fuaad Pasha, former commander of the 20th Turkish army corps, and one of the Nationalist commanders, is abandoning Kandra, near Black Sea Coast, northeast of Ismid.

There is great rejoicing among the Greeks in Constantinople over the advance of the Greek army west of Ak-Shehr, as 8,000 men were killed, wounded or made prisoners.

All the Greeks of military age are being recruited for the army. The recruits are marching through the city shouting and singing.

Greek officials here say that the troops of Kemal Pasha are undisciplined and are poorly equipped with artillery to offer resistance against the Greeks.

Educative Exhibits at Fairs

Dominion Livestock Branch Will Feature Sheep and Swin on Western Circuit

One of the features on the western fair circuit this year is the sheep and swine exhibit shown by the live stock branch, Dominion department of agriculture, Ottawa. This exhibit is presented under the supervision of Mr. H. S. Arkell, livestock commissioner for Canada.

Visitors to the provincial fairs should make it a point to spend a few minutes at this exhibit where they will find the story of two of the most important industries of the Dominion graphically told by word and object.

Part of the exhibit shows realistic models of carcasses and the various commercial cuts of lamb and mutton, while those who are interested in the production of high-class bacon will be interested in the life-like models showing the true Wiltshire side type, through the excellence of which Canada has been able to build up a $40,000,000 trade with Great Britain.

Wool producers will be attracted by the display of the standard grades of wool and the various kinds of fabrics that are manufactured therefrom, and also the complete set of implements used by the shepherd in the care of his flock. The correct type of castrating tools, docking irons, sheep shears, carding cards, marking irons, etc., are on display and the usage of some will be explained by Mr. S. C. McLennan, who is in charge of the exhibit. There are a number of other interesting features which are also well worth seeing.

Pamphlets and bulletins with reference to the sheep and swine industries may be had by application at the exhibit, while the officer in charge will be glad to supply any information requested. Further information may be obtained upon writing to Mr. A. A. MacMillan, chief, sheep and goat division, department of agriculture, Ottawa, Canada.

Late Czarina's Jewels

Diamonds and Pearls Valued at More Than $500,000 Reached Buckingham Palace

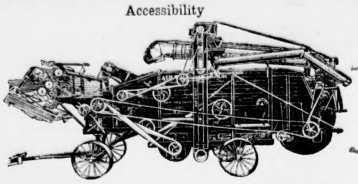
A packet containing the last of the murdered Czarina's jewels, valued at more than $500,000, dispatched personally by the late Czar Nicholas on the outbreak of the first Russian revolution, in April, 1917, to King George for safe keeping, arrived at Buckingham palace recently, having been held up in transit for more than three years.

The packet was part of the contents of two mail bags made up for delivery in London and bidden in Petrograd until only lately the Russian authorities released them. The jewels are mostly diamonds and pearls.

China's Armies

China's soldiers and potential soldiers are so numerous, says a military expert, that if in war an enemy started killing Chinese soldiers at a million men a year, and if China were using 2 percent of her population in that war, it would take fifty years to destroy her first armies, and in that period two further Chinese forces of fifty million each would grow up to confront their enemy.

Accessibility



Durability Reliability

The New Century Threshers Built in 6 Sizes

20 x 32 27 x 42 36 x 56 23 x 36 32 x 50 42 x 64

There is a size to fit your run and your power.

New Century threshers are famed for their fast, clean work and for their easy-running qualities.

No other thresher built today enjoys such world-wide popularity as the New Century.

There is a reason for this. Learn why.

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also Agents for Hart Parr Tractors

Strathmore Phone 67 — Carseland Phone R 702

Berta Vale School Report

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The trustees of the Berta Vale School are sorry to lose Mrs. McRae, who has conducted the school for the past year in a very efficient manner. The attendance of the pupils throughout the year has been very good. Mr. and Mrs. McRae are going farming.

The school picnic was held on July 30, and a very enjoyable time was spent by both parents and pupils. Rev. T Philps spoke on the coming school Fair. Miss Nettie Taylor presented McCrea with a present on behalf of the school.

Following is the record of the best attending pupils, those mentioned having been absent only two days during the month of July:

Melvin Barry.
Alice Barry.
Garland Barry.
Robt. Climie.
Tom Dancey.
Milton Dancey.
May Taylor.
Laura Kearns.

Number Enrolled	19
Per cent Attendance	89.26

—o—

Homestead Map

—o—

A new edition of a map of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta giving the number of quarter-sections available for homestead entry in each township with the boundaries and offices of government land agencies has been issued by the Natural Resources Intelligence Branch of the Department of the Interior. This new edition clearly indicates all railways, forest reserves, parks and Indian reserves, also the land which has been reserved for soldier settlement purposes. The size of the map is 24" x 36" and scale 25 miles to one inch.

The importance of the new edition at the present time is apparent to prospective settlers, officials of banks, railway companies and land agencies, in fact everyone interested in the development of land in Western provinces. A copy of this publication which is known as the "Small Land Map of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta," may be obtained free of charge by applying to the Superintendent of the Natural Resources Intelligence Branch of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa.

—o—

Miss Theresa Benz is home for a few weeks from Calgary. She intends visiting her sister in Minnesota also.

—o—

The C.P.R. stock department shipped in a load of cattle from Cochlane to Strathmore last week.

—o—

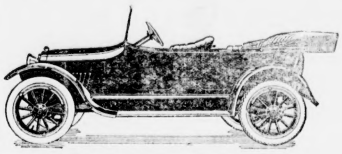
A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ted Hartell on July 28th.

The Product of Experience

Made in Canada

CHEVROLET performance is a matter of pride-ful tradition with us and an accepted matter of fact with the general public.

So it is to the new refinements of comfort and added features of accessibility and beauty that we call your attention in considering the new Chevrolet models.



Chevrolet "Four Ninety" Touring Car,

H. W. B. Bell

DEALER IN DODGE BROS. & CHEVROLET MOTOR CARS
COMMERCIAL VEHICLES AND TRUCKS
Tires, Oils and Accessories, carried in stock.

PHONE 31 STRATHMORE

McCormick & Deering Binders

BINDER TWINE

10-20 Titan & 15-30 International Tractor

The International Thresher

Made in Two Sizes
22-38 and 28-46

J. H. WALLS

Strathmore Phone 10 — Gleichen Phone 82

Editor's Impressions of the United States

—o—

Mr. Plotkins returned from Iowa where he spent some time in the various cities, visiting the South West par of Iowa and Northern Nebraska. Crop conditions in that part of the States so-far as corn is concerned are excellent, promising very large crops. Wheat, oats, and barley in Iowa are very light this year, and threshing had already started by the 27th of last month. The hay crop in most districts has been fair. In Nebraska the wheat crop is excellent, but owing to a hourtage of cars in the district and the political situation, farmers are unable to sell their crops and considerable loss has been entailed. The weather has been extremely hot. Land is not as high priced as in the last year. Several farms which had been selling at from $350.00 to $450.00 can be bought at a much lower price, owing to the financial situation, at present existing throughout the entire United States. The political controversy is at present causing much agitation and the outcome is very problematical. All of Iowa, and by all that could be gathered, Illinois and Nebraska are solid behind Cox at the present time.

Industrial conditions in that part of the United States are not very optimistic. Several factories are begining to decrease their working staff and the railroads have already begun to decrease their operating staff. Men in Nebraska are fairly plentiful and no shortage of labor is anticipated for harvesting and threshing. The exchange in Omaha was still on July 24th at the rate of 13 per cent.

The Canadian Government is maintaining a considerable staff of Agents throughout the entire district, scouring the country for prospective settlers for the Canadian West. The Canadian Government is maintaining considerable exhibits at all fairs and distributing considerable sums in an effort to encourage immigration into Canada, with very fair results. Quite a number of settlers are daily passing through Portland on their way to Saskatchewan and Alberta, a considerable number are also settling in British Columbia.

As far as could be noticed Rockyford seems to be well known among the farmers in the localities visited, and no doubt we will secure our share of settlers this coming fall. The exchange situation is entirely favorable to American farmers who are contemplating moving to Canada at present, and is a great inducement exploited by Canadian Agents.

It would benefit our district and also the town financially, if our Board of Trade could be revived and set to work to organize a campaign in favored districts of Iowa and other parts of the United States which have already supplied us with desirable settlers, in an effort to secure more settlers for our district. We all realize that the district can still maintain at least three times as many families as there

(Continued on another page.)

Wholesome Bread

MADE BY THE

STRATHMORE BAKERY

MAKERS OF THE BETTER BREAD

2 Loaves For 25 Cents

Phone 14. Box 110

THE FORD HOSPITAL

Every operation performed on Fords and cure of all ills guaranteed.

Where overhauling not necessary, Chiropractic any small disorders.

treatment given to fix up plugs, carburetors, and

As a tonic to get the best service, I advise you to use "White Lily Gas and Polarine Oils."

Give us a trial.

G. C. OLDHAM.

The Garage, Carseland.

Ford

For Farm Haulage

The Ford One Ton Truck will solve your haulage problems. Getting the most work for the fewest dollars. Year in, Year out—That is what **Ford Low Cost Ton Mile** means to users. The Ford One Ton Truck is built for the haulage requirements of the Farm. Ford Motor Trucks will reduce the cost of your operations. Come on in and see.

1920 Ford

combines economy in price with all the latest improvements. All the good features of the old Ford and many new ones. Full electrical equipment for starting, lighting, and ignition, demountable rims, one-man top, ventilating double windshield, etc.

Fordson Tractor

have proved their worth in every soil and climate. The best for any purpose on the farm for which power may be required.

The Ford Garage, W. C. Brown, Local Dealer

Summer Requirements

In All Hardware Lines

Kerosene Stoves, Gasoline Irons, etc.

Headquarters for Auto Accessories, Tires, Oils, and Chains.

Hill Hardware

Carseland Alberta

PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Fresh Meats of all Kinds

Highest Prices Paid for

Hogs, Calves, Poultry and Hides

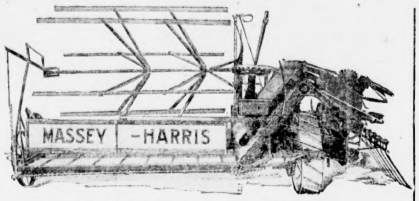
GEO. SNAITH :: Proprietor

EVERYTHING FOR THE FARMER

THOS. H. EVES

MY MOTTO "SERVICE"

Agent for the Famous MASSEY-HARRIS, FROST & WOOD, and COCKSHUTT Lines of Farm Machinery



ATTENTION GRAIN GROWERS

The hum of Binders will again soon be heard. I sell the World's Most Famous Binder — THE MASSEY-HARRIS. The Binder which successfully handles the crop whether it is Light, Heavy, Tall, Short, Standing or Down and Tangled.

Equipt with roller and self aligning bearings—light draft—out side reel supports on 7 ft. and 8 ft. sizes—auto fore carriage and a knotter—the heart of a binder that has stood the test of the great North West for forty years, ties every time, and ties right.

Better place your order for your MASSEY-HARRIS Binder today—made in three sizes, 6 ft. 7 ft. and 8 ft.

No Need of Worrying if You have a Massey-Harris Binder

Famous the world over for Reliability under the most difficult conditions—heavy crop, down and tangled grain are readily handled by the

SUBSTANTIAL CONSTRUCTION
SUPERIOR CUTTING MECHANISM
EASILY HANDLED REEL
FLOATING ELEVATOR
RELIABLE BINDING DEVICE
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MASSEY-HARRIS "BAIN" WAGONS AND GRAIN TANKS

ACORN WOOD GRAINERIES

The Ideal Graineries to Protect Your Crop

WEATHER & LEAKPROOF

Sooner or Later You Will Buy a

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR

—o—

Better Be Sooner Than Later

ELECTRICITY ON THE FARM

Make your home brighter and more cheerful with electric lights—more comfortable with electric fans—more convenient with the many labor-saving devices that electric current will make available for your use.

Do away with the smelly, smoky, greasy oil lamps that have to be filled and trimmed daily and then furnish only dim, unsatisfactory light. Protect your home from the fire risk.

THROTTLING GOVERNOR "Z" ENGINE

The "F" Light Plant is a low-speed, horizontal, water-cooled engine unit—simple—long lived—with every part readily accessible. It is easy to operate, self starting—requires no mechanical knowledge or experience—gives you electric light and power too, wherever and whenever you want it.

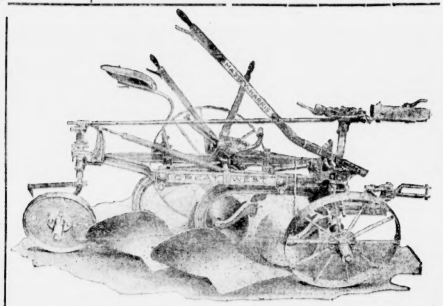
The engine used in "F" plants is the Fairbanks-Morse "Z" It has more than rated power and more power than needed to charge the storage batteries—you can charge your batteries while it is doing other farm work.

POWER FOR OTHER FARM NEEDS

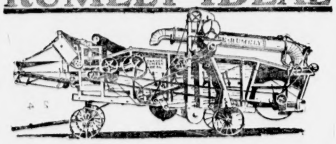
You can use the engine to drive a separator, grinder, churn, or other machines, independent of the dynamo, either direct or through a line shaft. Thus you need not buy motors—although you can use your electric current for such power, if you wish. The "F" is a general utility plant. And remember, the successful operation of this combined plant is assured by the time proven responsibility of one large manufacturer—guaranteed by the well-known Fairbanks-Morse Quality.

Call in and see Demonstrator.

RUMELY OIL PULL TRACTOR LA PORTE IND



RUMELY IDEAL



Keeping the Straw on the Move

WHEN we designed the Rumley Ideal thresher we knew "where we were going"—We knew that the biggest trouble in threshing always has been bunching, winding of the cylinder, choking up. We knew that anything that impedes the flow of straw prevents perfect threshing.

So we designed the Ideal on the principle of *a steady even flow of straw through the machine*—from the time it enters at the cylinder until, free of all the grain, it leaves the machine through the stacker.

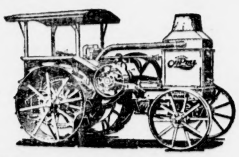
Follow the straw through an Ideal. Notice the size and weight of the cylinder and the relative position of the grates,—that in the Ideal the grates are not placed half way up around the cylinder but right behind and beneath where they allow the cylinder to relieve itself of the straw at the most natural point—the bottom—before the cylinder starts on its upward turn.

Then see how that patented Ideal traveling rake works—taking the straw from the cylinder and delivering it to the straw rack in that same *steady even flow*—all the while separating the grain from the straw because the rake is slatted.

You'll find the Ideal straw rack different from others—instead of relying upon shaking alone there are sets of lifting fingers that tear the straw open—rake it—beat it from beneath.

And to guarantee perfect cleaning there is a chaffer in the cleaning shoe as well as in the grain pan—no overloaded shoe and a cleaning system that not only delivers clean grain but takes care of the big capacity for which every Ideal is noted.

We have a catalog for you that tells everything about the Ideal, which is built in five sizes, 22 x 36, 28 x 44, 28 x 48, 32 x 52 and 36 x 60.



The FAMOUS

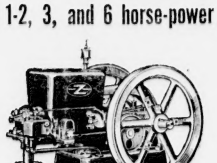
RUMELY OIL-PULL TRACTOR

Made in Four Sizes: 12-20, 16-30, 20-40, 30-60

Fairbanks Morse

"Z" ENGINES

1 1-2, 3, and 6 horse-power



If you are looking for a plow that can be depended upon, under the most difficult conditions, a plow that the most critical and exacting farmers choose, one that will give good service for many, many years, strongly built and built with the very best of materials, then the Massey-Harris Plows will interest you. I can quote you prices, which, when Quality, Dependability and Service are considered, you will find attractive. I can equip you with the Right Plow, whether you walk, ride, use a Tractor or Steam Engine.

The greatest authorities on Soil Culture tell us it is absolutely necessary to put back into the land—Nitrogen—Potash—Phosphorous. All these are found in Barnyard Manures. The Easiest and Simplest way to put same on to the land is with the Massey-Harris, Low Down, Wide Spread, Reliable and Durable Manure Spreader.

The machine that increases the farmer's profits. Every part of its construction reflects the master-builders skill. See me for a demonstration of this wonderful machine. Measures 3½ ft. wide but spreads 7 ft. wide. The greatest time and labor saving implement on any farm.

BOY SCOUT NEWS

"Young Canada—Be Prepared"

Letters to A Patrol Leader

From the Book by the Hon. Roland E. Phillips.—Scout Law Number Four

My Dear Scout,

As I set out last night for an evening of Scouting, I met two men with a third between them. They were carrying him. He could not stand on his feet, because he was dead drunk. He had been spending his evening in one of the dirtiest public-houses in London. He went to be-cause he though he wanted some beer.

What he really wanted was not beer, but a friend.

One winter I was walking along the London Embankment late at night. There were people sleeping there who had no bed to go to and no home. They had slept there many nights before. They had never, in fact, had much of a chance.

A chance might have come to them if they had ever found a friend.

Wherever we go, whether north, or south, or east, or west, whether in the country or in the town, we will find men and women and children who need that greatest, perhaps, of all God's blessings—a Friend.

Where, then are these friends to be found?

"We have a Law," is our answer, "and the law says that a Scott is a Friend to All."

Some people think the fourth Scout law is a passive law.

The third law tells you that you must go about doing good turns, the sixth law tells you that you must ex-tend your good turns to animals, while the ninth law tells you that you must deliberately set by some of the money that you earn. The fourth law, they suppose, is a more passive Law. There is nothing to trouble about. You merely have to be a friendly person and a nice chap to other Scouts, and there is no more to be said.

This idea is all wrong. The fourth law perhaps is the most active law of all. The Chief wants a Scout to earn for himself the name which Kim earned—the name of "Little Friend of all the world."

Now if you read about Kim, you will find that he was not the sort of boy who sits still quite comfortably in a chair, but he was perpetually moving about amongst other human beings.

The people to be a friend to are the people who most need a friend; and it is just those people that a Scout may never meet unless he goes out of his way to do so.

Wherever you may be, either in your family circle at home, or at school, or at work in an office, or at a foundry, or at a club of men and boys, you will find, if you keep your eyes open, that there is at least one person, perhaps more, who feels a bit out of things—what we often call "down."

They may have had a piece of bad luck or several turns of bad luck; they may be unwell; they may have suffered loss, either great or small; or they may merely be rather depres-sed—and it is into the lives of those very people at those very times that we want as Scouts to go.

We must look for those who want a friend, and let them have a friend in us.

Your Scouts will go out of their way to find some other Scout who feels rather down in the mouth, or who is rather out of it, and they will make his mouth rise up again in a smile.

The result will be that, instead of being out of it, he will be brought into it by the brotherliness which any of you have the power and op-portunity of showing him.

If a Scout meets any other Scout, even though a stranger to him, he must speak to him and help him in any way that he can.

It is important always to wear your Scout Badge, and if you change your coat on Sunday remember to change your badge also. Then as you go on your way you will meet another boy wearing the same badge as yourself, the Badge of the Three Scout Promi-ses; and when you catch his eye you will hold out another badge of the same Promises—the three fingers of the Scout Salute.

This boy will give you a salute in reply, and you will know that his laws are your laws, and that, although you have never met before and you may never meet again, yet you are both in your own lives trying to car-ry out the wishes of your Chief.

Before you met him you were thinking how hard it was to keep your laws at all, and it is easier now, because you have met another Scout who is trying to do the same.

You give him your left hand in the heartiest of handshakes, because the idea of it is that you are giving him your heart; and it is your heart that you want him to have.

You will tell your patrol many stories of fine friendships related in history ever since the world began, so I will say no more now, as one of the best ways of carrying out the fourth Scout Law is by keeping the fifth as well, and I shall be writing to you about that in my next letter.

Your sincere brother Scout,
Roland E. Philipps.

Clean Milk

Simple Rules to Follow in Order to Ensure Cleanliness

As science advances and provides ways and means of locating bacteria and disease germs wherever they exist, more especially such as are found to exist in milk, we are sometimes alarmed, and naturally ask ourselves the question: What can we do to remedy existing conditions? While it is quite true that it is not within the power of any one person to com-pletely remove the possibility of the taint, where such commodity is han-dled by so many different agencies before it is finally consumed, yet if every branch took the precaution that might (and should) be taken, milk would be a much more healthy arti-cle of food than it is today, and if such precautions were taken, milk would likely cost the consumer more than it does at present, notwithstanding the present crying against the high price of milk. Each handler has his or her individual responsibility in the matter. The cattle is the first one who has to deal with it, and his first duty is to see that the cow's udders are wiped or washed clean be-fore he commences to milk, which can be quickly done if a pail of luke warm water and a soiled cloth is kept within easy reach. This will re-move any taint which might get into the milk from the udder. The next thing necessary is to have the hands clean, and then, if possible, do the milking with dry hands. The other thing is necessary to ensure cleanli-ness in milking, viz.: a clean jacket and apron. These are some of the necessities that will, when in general use, tend to increase the value of pro-duction. It will add to the labor of washing and ironing, yet no one should be unwilling to pay for things so vital to the welfare of humanity, especially of the children. Many are now doing their part along the lines suggested, yet there are vast numbers who pay no attention to such matters, their only thought being to get the milk and turn it as quickly as pos-sible into money.

However, there are several other points that must be considered, or the milk will be contaminated before it leaves the stable. After all that we have suggested has been practised, if either feed or bedding is stirred or brushed before milking, the stable is filled (more or less) with fine dust, a por-tion of which settles into the milk, with their numerous impurities. Anything being fed before milking that causes a taint on the breath of the animal (turnips, for instance), will have a very detrimental effect upon the flavor of milk and butter. Lastly, milk should be placed in a room apart from the cow atmosphere as soon as it is milked, as warm milk takes on flavors very rapidly. The man who endeavors to produce a sani-tary article of milk has a difficult job, but one that is worth while.—R. H. H.

Precisely the Reason

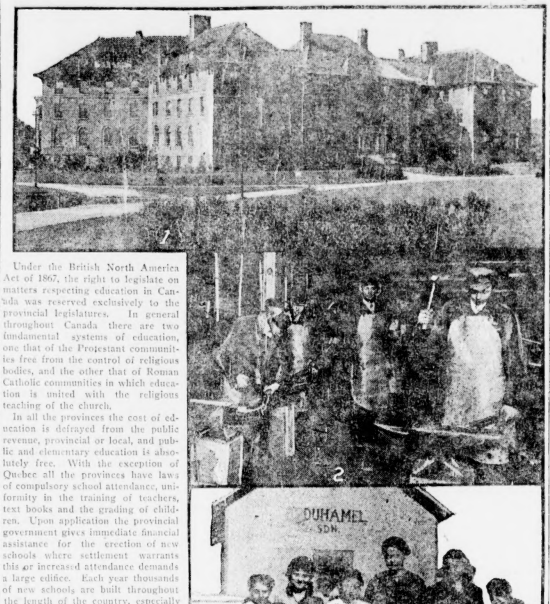
Manager.—Thompson, you are dis-charged.

Clerk.—But I've done nothing, sir; absolutely nothing.

Manager.—Exactly. That is why you're discharged.

Croquet originated in France in the thirteenth century.

EDUCATION IN CANADA



(1) Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, P.Q., where many Canadian Teachers are Trained
(2) At the Agricultural College, Olds, Alta.
(3) A Group of Pupils at a Rural School in Western Canada.

Under the British North America Act of 1867, the right to legislate on matters respecting education in Canada was reserved exclusively to the provincial legislatures. In general throughout Canada there are two fundamental systems of education, one that of the Protestant communities free from the control of religious bodies, and the other that of Roman Catholic communities in which educa-tion is united with the religious teaching of the church.

In all the provinces the cost of ed-ucation is defrayed from the public revenue, provincial or local, and pub-lic and elementary education is abso-lutely free. With the exception of Quebec all the provinces have laws of compulsory school attendance, uni-formity in the training of teachers, text books and the grading of children. Upon application the provincial government gives immediate financial assistance for the erection of new schools where settlement warrants this or increased attendance demands a large edifice. Each year thousands of new schools are built throughout the length of the country, especially in the ever-growing western provinces. Assistance in the payment of teachers is given by a system of grants. Nature study, manual instruc-tion, school gardens, domestic science and technical education have been taken up energetically, whilst agricul-ture, which after all is the country's prime interest, forms an important item in the curriculum of all schools.

In the cities and towns of the Do-minion no expense is spared in the erection of handsome, spacious school buildings, where health conditions are the prime consideration and they form no mean part in the aggregate of Canada's fine public edifices. Solicitude is exerted in the health and the general welfare of the pupils in the plans of construction, and medical officers and health nurses supervise the general well-being when they are in session.

In the rural districts naturally, where in the first settlement farms are often widely separated, scholastic facilities do not exist in the same per-fection, though everything is done by the educational department to meet the more difficult conditions and the child of the farmer need not fall far behind his city brother in the pro-gress of learning. The majority of schools are now graded, but in several small classes are taught by one teacher, and the districts are of such dimensions as to make the school house easily accessible from the fur-thest limits. Fully trained teachers are provided from the provincial nor-mal schools; attendance is compul-sory as in the city.

Every province possesses finely equipped agricultural colleges with up-to-date faculties of scientific farm-ing experts where the most progres-sive and modern methods of agricul-ture are taught and where the degree of Bachelor of Scientific Agriculture is conferred at graduation. As it is impossible for many of the sons and daughters of farmers to attend all the year round and complete the courses, winter sessions are held in every province where short courses are given imparting a thorough train-ing to boys and girls over the public school age in intelligent farming and scientific methods, domestic science, and other phases of farm work. The courses have proved of immense in-terest and value and are widely ap-preciated by agricultural communities whilst the attendance is yearly in-creased as the benefits to be derived from these short terms are the more fully realized.

There is virtually no limit to edu-cational facilities in the Dominion, and the child having completed pub-lic and high school courses may go further and has 26 universities to choose from, ten in Ontario, four each in Quebec and Nova Scotia, two each in New Brunswick and Saskat-chewan and one each in Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba and in Prince Edward Island. Through the Rhodes Scholarships these young Canadians have the opportunity of entry into the colleges of Oxford and Cambridge fostering the Imperial Union and continuing their scholar-ship with students from every part of the globe. Some of the Canadian universities, notably McGill at Mon-treal and Toronto University have won world-wide reputations and fur-nished European universities with professors.

Highest Honors For Alberta Percherons

Obtained First, Second and Third Prizes at the Royal Livestock Show Held in London

Alberta-bred horses have just add-ed another laurel to their crown of successes against the prize beasts of the world, when three Percherons, born and reared by George Lane on his Bar-U ranch south of Calgary, Alberta, obtained the first, second and third prizes at the Royal Livestock Show, held in London, England. It is recognized that this is one of the greatest livestock exhibitions in the world and prize animals from both sides of the Atlantic compete for the honors.

"Perfection," "Paragon," and "Net-tle," are the three prize winners. They are the first Canadian Percher-ons to win at the Royal Show. They are all three-year-olds and were sent overseas as part of a large shipment of pure-bred stock by Mr. Lane last fall. Mr. Lane's ranch at High River in Southern Alberta, contains over a thousand pure-bred Percherons and is the largest of its kind in the world.

Mr. Lane started raising Percher-ons 20 years ago and has improved the strain until his entries can win premier honors at the world's great-est shows. He has won premier hon-ors in Canada and the United States and now his stock has gained similar successes in Great Britain; a triumph for Mr. Lane and his methods, and for Alberta as a place for the breed-ing of superb animals.

As a result of the reception of this first shipment of Percherons in England, it is believed that a fine market for the cream of Alberta hor-ses of types in demand will be opened up across the Atlantic and that a source of important revenue will be developed.

Big Crop Assured

Government Officials Plan to Meet Harvest Requirements

With the grasshopper trouble well in hand and continued moisture throughout the prairie provinces, the crop prospects for the whole of the Dominion continues bright, it is an-nounced by the department of agri-culture. The next problem to be tackled by the federal authorities will be that of getting harvest help car-ried from the east to the west. Now that the session is over departmental officials are turning their whole at-tention to this phase of the coming harvest.

Canals run in every direction in Bangkok, the capital of Siam, and are so numerous that the Siamese are proud to call their city the Venice of the East.

It has been definitely established that movable metal types were used in Korea as early as 1403.

What Britain Did

American Writer Says Britain Took Some Little Part in The War

"What did England do in the Great War, anyhow?" They go on asking it—the propagandists, the prompted puppets, the paid parrots of the press. Make up your mind that whenever you hear any person whatsoever, male or female, clean or unclean, in-quire what England did in the war, anyhow, such person either shirks knowledge or is a fraud or a fool.

Tell them that in May, 1918, Eng-land was sending men of fifty and boys of eighteen and a half to the front; that in August, 1918, every third male available between those years was fighting, that eight and a half million men for army and navy were raised by the British Empire, of which Ireland's share was two and three-tenths percent, Wales' three and seven-tenths, Scotland's eight and three-tenths, and England's more than sixty percent; and that this, taken in proportion to our greater population, would have amounted to thirteen mil-lion Americans.

Our casualties were three hundred and twenty-two thousand one hun-dred and eighty-two.

The casualties in the British army were three million and forty-nine thousand nine hundred and seventy, or a million more than we sent, and of these six hundred and fifty-eight thousand were killed.—Owen Wister, in "the Ancient Grudge."

Agricultural Instruction

Educational Training For Boys and Girls to Fit Them For Rural Pursuits

A man may never be too old to learn, but the youth is conceded to be more teachable than the person of mature age. By providing suitable instruction and training for the young men and women of the farm, more lasting benefit will be conferred than by seeking to make good the deficien-cies of the older generation. The 1918-19 report of the Agricultural Instruction Act Commissioner re-views the work carried on during the year by the provincial departments of Agriculture and Education with the funds placed at the disposal of the provinces for agricultural instruction by the federal government. This bul-letin is obtainable from the Publica-tions Branch, Department of Agricul-ture, Ottawa. The report indicates that about one half of the total an-nual grant of $1,100,000 is applied to the instruction of adolescents.

For the advancement in the direc-tion of agriculturaly teaching in the rural schools, the grant is largely ac-countable. Along with it have been developed nature study, school and home gardening, boys' and girls' clubs in poultry, pig and calf rearing, canning, bread-making and similar ac-tivities, culminating in the annual school fair. Practical projects of this kind may easily be made the me-dium for training the intelligence, because they are seized upon with eagerness by most boys and girls.

In certain high schools agricultural and household science courses are be-ing developed, and in more than one province special vocational schools of agriculture have been established and receive assistance from the grant. In developments such as these lies the hope for the improvement of modern agriculture through the rank and file of the rural population, to whom the centralized college of agriculture is not available. The present day need is that it should be made easy for the country boys and girls to secure an educational training of such a char-acter as will fit them for country life and rural pursuits. Colleges of agri-culture and veterinary colleges have not, however, been overlooked; they also are given liberal assistance. Fol-lowing the close of the war, the at-tendance at these institutions showed a marked and gratifying increase and their influence in promoting the ad-vancement of Canada's leading basis industry, agriculture, will continue to make itself felt.

Skilled Labor on the Farm

Some "City Guys" Will Develop Into Useful Helpers

It is undoubtedly true that farm help is skilled labor. That is, it should be. To get the best results, to utilize fully the possibilities of a given section, experience is needed. And it is desirable that experience be combined with at least a measure of expert instruction.

It behooves the farmer to do the best he can under difficult circum-stances. His choice appears to lie, for the moment, between giving up at least a part of his job or utilizing somewhat unpromising material. If he is open-minded and patient he may find that some of the "city guys" will develop into useful helpers. Com-plaining that they are not "skilled la-bor" when they come to him will get him nowhere.

Automobiles Increase In Saskatchewan

An Indication of Agricultural Wealth Is Provided by Number of Automobiles

Automobile licenses issued by Sas-katchewan during the first six mo. of 1920 numbered 52,900, as against 50,575 issued during the correspond-ing period of last year, according to the superintendent of the motor li-cense branch. The total number is-sued in 1919 was 54,816.

An indication of the agricultural wealth of the province is provided in the number of automobiles owned by farmers or people living out of the cities: of the total of 54,816 licenses issued last year, almost 47,000 or 7 percent were rurally owned, repre-senting an investment of more than $83,000,000.

The ancients regarded dreams as divine omens of great significance. Joseph gained quite a reputation in the land of Egypt through his clev-erness in interpreting them.

Don't brag. Somebody some day will be doing your work better than you ever dreamed that it could be done.

Wheat Cutting In Sight

With the consequent insistent demand for Hardware and Harness. For all the Lubricants, Bolts, Tools, etc., that you need our well stocked stores are at your service.

A cot and mattress for the extra hired man a cook stove for the cook house, an extra set of harness or well fitted collar for the horse. Last but not least, Plymouth Binder Twine with its splendid record of evenness and strength.

OUR SPECIAL

Empire Harvest Oil and Sterling Cup Grease

W. E. BROWN

HARDWARE HARNESS FURNITURE

Your Grocer

In buying your Groceries always look for Quality. We make groceries our specialty, and stock only the best, therefor it will pay you to deal with us.

BOW VALLEY SUPPLY CO.

M. B. GARRETT

IT'S TIME NOW

to give attention to eave troughs, leaders, roofs, etc., before the summer sets in.

TINNING OF THE BETTER KIND is our specialty.

Furnace Repairing and all kinds of Sheet Metal work given prompt attention.

JAS. V. MORAN, OPPOSITE STANDARD OFFICE STRATHMORE ALTA

STRATHMORE MEAT MARKET

BOORTZ AND McDONALD

DEALERS IN LIVESTOCK

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HIDES

FRESH AND SMOKED MEATS OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND

King Edward Hotel,

Strathmore

Steam Heated and Fully Modern
Clean and Comfortable
Rates by Day or Month.
Light Beers, Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc.

D. C. Livingston - Manager

STRATHMORE HOSPITAL.

This Institution is fully equipped to meet the needs of emergency or maternity cases.

Rates, $2.50 to $5.00 per day

Apply to
Nurse WILLIAMS
For Particulars.

Hub Pool Room & Bowling Alleys

A Choice Selection of Smokers Supplies

We have the Best Stock in Town

ROLAND HILL
Proprietor

Whyte's Confectionery

SUCCESSOR TO MAC'S

And Ice Cream Parlor. — All kinds of Soft Drinks

P. J. WHYTE, PROPRIETOR

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD.

Published Every Wednesday

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Terms—Small or transient advts. cash with order. Contract ad. accounts due 1st. of month following insertion. Changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

Notices of entertainments, meetings, sales etc., at which admission is charged, articles sold, or a collection taken, with the exception of actual church services, will be charged for at regular advertising rates.

The Publisher is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

Strathmore, Alberta, August 11th 1920

Strathmore Hospital

—o—

Following is the report of the work of Strathmore Hospital for the month of June.

Expenditures

J. G. Bell, coal	$ 18.75
W. M. Marshall, drug supplies	23.95
Garrett, groceries	8.25
Beach and Fox, groceries	57.70
Beach and Fox, Hospital supplies	7.40
Strathmore Trading, ditto	17.85
Strathmore Trading, groceries	8.80
Boortz & McDonald, meat & fish	8.85
Pioneer Meat Market, ditto	12.25
W. E. Brown, cot and mattress	17.00
W. E. Brown supplies	19.70
Telephone	3.00
Milk	8.00
Laundry	10.80
Misc. supplies	2.00
Labor on garden, cellar, kitchen	6.50
Chandler & Fisher Hospital sup.	6.75
Rent	25.00
Nurse Williams Salary, June	175.25
Miss Winnie Brown, salary, June	50.00
Total	$480.72

Salaries were paid to end of June for convenience of acount keeping, this accounts for increased deficit by $84.25.

Total income from patients	$356.00
Maternity Cases	3
Emergency Cases	16
Total	19
Number of patient days	89

W. E. BROWN.
Honorary Sec.-Treas.

Rockyford News Items

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Chapman returned on Friday morning's train from Denver, Colo., They covered quite a large territory in a big car and report conditions there as fair The weather was very hot during their visit and harvesting was about to commence. They are very enthusiastic over the good roads existing in that part of the United States. They visited with their relatives at Denver and also where Mr. Chapman farmed before coming to Alberta. Crop conditions in Colorado, Mr. Chapman states, are not to be compared with our outlook here, although the yield will be fair according to the Colorado standing. Mr. Chapman is moving out to his farm South of town as soon as his house can be completed.

Mr. and Mrs McGuire and daughter are spending a week's holiday in Banff and will also visit in Calgary on their way back.

Mr. C R. Walrod is at present engaged in constructing a foundation to his house on first avenue.

H. A Maurice is having the house purchased from Mrs. L. Lisotte shingled and is remodeling the entire building preparatory to moving in this fall.

D. Drinkwater, manager of the Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd. has left for Brownlee, Sask, where he will manage the lumber yards there. Mr. Brown is at present manager of the Rockyford yard.

Mr. Kronick, of McAdle & Davidson's office, Calgary, is in Mr. McGuire's office during his absence.

The Imperial Lumber Yards are planning to erect a residence for their manager, on second avenue, in the near future.

The Sangster family have moved into their new residence on second avenue.

Mr R. H. Munchaurt, of Earling, Iowa, arrived in Rockyford, July 30th. He is at present visiting with his son, Tony Munchaurt, west of town. Mr. Munchaurt was agreeably surprised to see the wonderful crops in this district. He did not expect to encounter such nice homes as we possess here and is entirely delighted with the country. Mr Munchaurt is an old resident of the Western States and has travelled considerably, through the Western States of late, and says that there is no comparison in so far as a wheat growing country is concerned, between this country and most of the United States. He will remain here until freeze-up and will then return to Earling to encourage more settlers for our district.

FOR PRIVATE SALE

—o—

at once as owner is leaving district, a considerable amount of

Household Furniture

in attractive shape including Dining Room Suite in Fumed Oak, 2 Bedroom Suites, Sitting Room Suite, Mason & Risch, Louis Style Upright Piano, Stove, Heater, Linoleum, Vacuum Cleaner and other household articles too numerous to mention.

—o—

For sale at C.P.R. Demonstration Farm, red house opposite creamery. Apply

JOHN S. SHAW
Strathmore

Why buy mail order bread of doubtful age when your Town Baker makes Fresh Bread Every Day

"VITA" BREAD
Made By
PALACE BAKERY

Appetizing and Satisfying
Fruit Buns Daily Ice Cream Parlor
Phone 75 Coolest Spot in Town

Where to Eat—Palace CAFE

COOL AND CLEAN

Best Meals In Town At Popular Prices

NOW OPEN NOW OPEN

King Edward Grill

The most up-to-date restaurant in Strathmore under the management of the well-known "Bloys." Opposite the notorious "Star."

Our prices are most moderate in town, $5.50 meal ticket for $5.00.

ICE CREAM PARLOR

in the Old Bar, where an experienced dispenser will be in charge.

Our specialties, ICE CREAM SODAS.

Get your foot against the rail and say "when."

H. WILLIAMS,
Proprietor

VULCANISING AND TIRE REPAIRING

We have taken over the Strathmore Steam Vulcanising Works from Auld Bros., and guarantee first-class work, reasonable prices and promptitude.

WEST & FORBES

THIRD STREET, — STRATHMORE

ALBERTA
5 per cent. Demand
Savings Certificates

ALBERTA
6 PER CENT.
GOLD BONDS

How are You Investing Your Savings ?

¶ The Province of Alberta offers two splendid forms of investment—Savings Certificates redeemable on demand, paying 5 per cent interest compounded half yearly.

¶ And Ten-year Gold Bonds paying 6 per cent interest payable half-yearly by coupon.

¶ There is No Investment Safer or Better.

¶ Savings Certificates help you to build up a savings Account—Alberta Gold Bonds are the best form of investment in which to place those Savings.

Alberta Gold Bonds may also be obtained from any recognized bond-house in the Province of Alberta.

Address all communications to DEPUTY PROVINCIAL TREASURER

HON. C. R. MITCHELL, Provincial Treasurer.
W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Provincial Treasurer,
Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, Alta.

Willow, The Wisp

— BY —

ARCHIE P. McKISHNIE

Printed by Special Arrangements with Thos. Allen, Toronto, Ont.

(Continued.)

"Me hungry?" that gentleman responded. "God bless you, Edna, no. I never expect to be hungry again. I can't eat anything. I haven't eaten anything worth while for years, as you well know." And he frowned at the grinning driver, who muttered:—

"Gracious alive! Is that very so?"

"Uncle's health has been precarious for a long time,' explained the girl, 'We're up here to see it back for him; think we can do it, Mr. Washburn?"

Her laughing face grew grave as she put the question, and the pathos resting deep in her violet eyes must have found an echoing chord in the old native's breast, for he answered heartily, "Oh, hell, yes"—and then quickly and apologetically—"You see, Miss, we cure 'em all up here in these highlands."

Something like a smile fluttered across the delicate face of the man in the back seat; then a little pucker of a frown gathered between his brows. Noting it the girl's face grew grave.

The driver leaning forward towards the old sorrels now, elbows on his knees. He missed, by half's breadth, a rough boulder lying along the track, puckered up his lips, and then plunked a stream of tobacco juice on its slate face, sighed as though he had executed a difficult task satisfactorily, and, twisting about again, remarked: "If you don't get hungry up here, you ain't never goin' to get hungry. That's all."

"I scarcely expect to," said the man from the city peevishly. "I haven't eaten a square meal or slept a good sleep for over a year. Ugh!" he shivered. "This silence up here is awful; it gets on one's nerves." He sank lower in his seat and the girl put an arm about his drooping shoulders.

"The doctor said this forest country would fix you up as good as new, Uncle, she comforted. "You must give it a fair chance. You must try and forget that your nerves are frayed, and not think of business at all. I'm going to see that you get real hungry, and I know you will sleep like a baby up here in this clear balsam-filled air, won't he, Mr. Washburn?"

The settler lifted his coonskin cap and scratched his red mop reflectively. "This here country is the darndest all-round country fer permotin' the eatin' an' sleepin' habit you ever saw," he exclaimed. "I've got a boy named Tommie; he's a ranger now up in Tonegami Preserve, and he finds it hard to do anythin' much else, an' even my missus, who's a tarter to work when she's real woke up, is that tarnation hard to get awake mornin's that I'd rather get up an' light the fire myself than try t' tussel with her. Yes, siree," he chuckled, lashing his whip harmlessly above the hollow backs of his drowsy horses, "you can sleep all right up here. Why dang it all, the Ozone's that there thick that you have to chew it fine afore you kin breathe it. Fact."

He clucked to the sorrels and cracked his whip at an impudent chipmunk who had climbed a stump close by the roadside to investigate the clatter made by the loose spokes of the ancient democrat.

"Take them hosses now, he shouted "they go to sleep soon as they be hitched, an' they stay asleep all day, not 'em! It's mighty unsatisfactory that, 'cause they don't seem to realize that keepin' awake durin' business is the duty of beast as well as man. They're both of 'em disappointin', but of the pair I guess old Moll — she's the off un—is the disappointenest."

"In what respect, Mr. Washburn, laughed the girl.

"Why lots o' ways, but jest fer instance, this way. T'other day I had a good chance to swap her for a three-year-old geldin' belonging to Jake Stoker of Cedar Mills. Well, we'd just about made the swap when ole Moll dropped off t' sleep an' snored like a house afire. Jake, he declared as she had the rohrers an' backed outen the deal. Humph, talk about not bein' able to sleep! Everythin' sleeps too tarnation much up here. That's the only thing wrong with this place!"

They rounded a little curve in the road and the laugh on the girl's lips died as her eyes caught the glorious vista spread before her. Low down over the distant tamaracks that edged a broad lake the sun lay like a great ball of fire. Just beneath it lay the forest, clad in new spring garb and sweeping, undulating, deepening from grass-green to moss-green and melting to slate-drab as it climbed the stair-like hills of Old Creation, miles distant. Close in, along the shore, the firs and tamaracks lifted jasper-tipped heads towards a sky of swimming blue, and upon the face of the lake rested a medley of riotous colors such as the girl from the city had never before seen.

Her uncle, too, had caught the spirit of the place. To him also that Northern sunset was a revelation. About it was a grandeur, a beauty as fathomless as it was glorious. Together th y gazed westward. Far away swept the sparsely timbered upland rising fold upon fold until it melted into swell-nigh impenetrable forest-reserve miles distant, like a wisp of grey smoke in a sombre gold-lined cloud; for the sunset-lights were spraying the tree-tops of the great forest.

For the girl at least, the fatigues of a long railway journey and the bumpy drive from the distant station over rocky, uneven road were forgotten, as she drank in this glorious panorama. Her artist's soul rejoiced, and her fingers ached to dig brushes and colors from the big trunk strapped behind her, so that she might paint it all. But the desire passed quickly as she felt a shudder run through the frame of the man beside her, and heard his quick sigh of weariness.

"A little Edna, a little," he replied; then with a laugh, "do you know, girlie, I believe I am actually getting hungry?"

At his words the lank form on the front seat straightened up, and Washburn faced about, his blue eyes twinkling.

"My ole woman she says to me as I was hitchin' Moll and Bess here to the democrat, says she, 'Pa Washburn, you get them people hum here come seven, 'cause I'm goin' to have a meal ready what is a meal. I'm goin' to have ham and eggs an' pancakes and maple syrup,' says she.

"An' says I, 'Gosh all hemlock! Ma, what's the use o' gettin' up a lumberjack's layout fer them people?" says I. "What you best do is to get some toast an' hot milk an' weak tea ready fer 'em,' says I.

He took off his cap and waved it in the air, with a resounding whoop that awoke echoes far and wide. His infectious merriment caught his listeners. They laughed with him.

"Say," grinned the settler, after the paroxysm had passed. "She is sure a wonder, that ole woman of mine. Ain't her like anywhere in these northern parts. What you s'pose she said to me, standin' right there with her feet planted an' her two hundred pounds of prime womanhood bubblin' right over with indignation. Says she, 'Pa Washburn, if you don't think anything of your own reputation, it's no reason I shouldn't think somethin' of mine. Nobody kin ever say, truthfully, that I ever fed boarders slops,' says she, 'an' I ain't goin' to do it now neither. Jest fer what you've said I'm goin' to have Bill, the timber-scaler, ketch some brook trout and 't ain't 't all unlikely that I'll cream a Shanghai chicken to boot!' says she; 'anyways, you kin depend on it, my reputation as the best cook in Lookup is goin' to be sustained."

(To be continued.)

The Married Teacher

No Reason For Prejudice Against Employment of Married Women

It should have been needless, but it was probably wise, for the Carnegie Foundation, by the report of a distinguished committee of educators, to denounce in strong terms the remaining prejudice against the employment of married women as teachers.

Says the committee: "There is probably no work in which marriage and a normal home life could contribute a qualification more essential than they could to teaching." The woman teacher is too often a "a detached public servant in a class apart. If married and a householder having children, she becomes a vitally interested and respected factor in society."

A part of the old prejudice against married teachers took root in the silly cry: "Let them stay at home, and give the girls a chance!" Such sacrifice of the skilled veteran to the beginner was unwise at any time. It is simply ridiculous now, when hundreds of thousands of children have no teachers at all, and other hundreds of thousands but inefficient substitutes. Yet in how many cities as in New York, are there traces of the old feeling even in the formal rules of Boards of Education.—New York World.

Your Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Wonderful Strength For Weak Stomachs

Everyone Talking About the Cures Made By Dr. Hamilton's Pills

There are despairing men and women by the thousands in this city, whose stomachs keep them in constant misery that can be quickly restored to vigorous health by Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

We know of no other medicine that possesses such power to kindle into new life the exhausted energies of chronic stomach sufferers.

There is an extraordinary power in Dr. Hamilton's Pills that searches out the weak spots, that braces up the delicate glands and complex workings of the stomach and bowels.

There are invigorating, stimulating tonic ingredients in Dr. Hamilton's Pills which are derived from powerful juices taken from rare herbs and roots, and these are scientifically combined with other medical products so as to assist in a harmonious and proper working of the entire system.

The ingredients of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, coming from the great storehouse of Mother Nature herself, can be relied upon to be harmless. Guaranteed results follow to all those who use Dr. Hamilton's Pills for Stomach Weakness, Gas, Sourness, Headache, Billiousness or Constipation.

Seekers of the better health can not do better than invest 25c in this health-bringing family medicine.

War Criminals

Germany Does Not Give Much Indication of Keeping Faith With Allies

The second subject taken up at the Spa conference does not require much time. Germany herself suggested the Leipzig tribunal for the trial of Germans accused of war crimes. This was a striking departure from the original idea that the perpetrators of outrages should be handed over to courts in Allied countries. France took less interest in the punishment of war criminals than she did in the matter of disarmament and reparation, but the British Premier made a strong point of it in the Paris conference and in his speeches in England.

The Leipzig plan seemed to many an abandonment of the whole cause, but it would at least show whether Germany of today approved the war methods of the Empire, and the former rulers and officers. In accordance with the program British and France sent forward a list of accused persons including some officers in high command in the army and navy, certain subordinate officers, officials who had control in occupied districts in France and Belgium, and commanders of German prisons. Particulars seem to have been furnished in at least forty cases.

The German minister of justice states that none of the accused have been arrested. He gives various reasons, none of which seem to be good, except that some of the alleged criminals are dead. No doubt it is true that some have left the country, and no doubt others will follow if they are warned that the case is likely to be prosecuted seriously. Mr. Lloyd George with characteristic bluntness remarked that the Germnas were breaking their word in regard to this Leipzig plan proposed by themselves. The plausible and adroit foreign minister replies with strong assurance which the Allies pretend to accept.

We do not suppose that anybody expects these prosecutions to come to much, but the manner in which they are conducted or abandoned will be an excellent test of the present-day faith of Germany.—Vancouver Province.

What Portage la Prairie Has Done

Portage la Prairie has already supplied premiers to Saskatchewan and British Columbia, and now it has given the Dominion a premier. In addition to Joseph Martin, Walter Scott and Arthur Meighen, it has given to public life Dr. J. G. Rutherford, A. B. Hudson, Hon. Edward Brown, Malcolm Watson, and other political notabilities. Winnipeg Free Press.

An Ideal Attained

"Were any of your boyish ambitions ever realized?" asked the sentimentalist.

"Yes," said the practical person. "When my mother used to cut my hair I often wished I might be baldheaded."—New Haven Register.

Hopelessly Grounded

Is my son getting well grounded in the classics?" asked the millionaire.

"I would put it even stronger than that," replied the private tutor. "I may say that he is actually stranded on them."

His Part

"What part did you take in the argument with your wife?"

"I listened."—Judge.

W. N. U. 1325

Honor Roll of Farmers

Saskatchewan Grain Growers Will Commemorate Their Sacrifice in Great War

(From the Toronto Globe)

Five hundred and sixty-seven young farmer members of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association—all of whom volunteered for service in the Great War—were "killed in action." In a unique and fitting manner the executive of the association proposes to commemorate their service and sacrifice.

After some months of deliberation, during which several proposed forms of memorial have been under consideration, the executive has decided to adopt the pictorial Honor Roll submitted by James Henderson, of Fort Qu'Appelle, a western artist of considerable note. This Honor Roll will take the form of a remarkable painting comprising a series of pictures which tells in chronological order the story of the war. The first represents Britannia with her trumpet calling her sons to arms. The second shows Jack Canuck hurriedly leaving his sheaves in the harvest field as the call comes to him. The third reveals him on the British transport en route to the fighting front, while the fourth exhibits him in action, "going over the top" into No Man's Land. The fifth and sixth scenes are linked. One pictures "the rows upon rows," the hallowed graves in Flanders' Fields; the other the news of final victory received by Canadian homes. In the centre of the picture is a scroll upon which the names of five hundred and sixty-seven members of the association who gave their lives for their country are inscribed. The painting will be over four feet high and some ten feet in length. It is to be hung on the east wall of the central hall of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, on the upper floor of the Farmers' Building in Saskatoon.

The service of the gallant young farmers who sleep yonder near the fields of their glory does not end with death. Today, tomorrow, and in years to come, when the prairies of the Canadian West open their arms to the Canadian citizenry, the thrilling story of their patriotism and achievement, looking down from the walls where grain growers assemble, must prove an impetus and an inspiration to those who come after.

No Alimony---Just a Separation

Peaceful, quiet separation, no damage done, everybody happy again—that's the situation when you divorce your corns with Putnam's Corn Extractor. Acts like magic—don't use any but "Putnam's"—it's the best, 25c. at all dealers.

Push Ontario Highways

Within the next three months over 3,000 will be employed on the Ontario provincial highways system. The work being done at present is largely of a preparatory character and after the harvest, when farmers will not be so busy, the work will be pushed.

Why She Quit

Charwoman.—Sorry to inform you mum, as I shan't be able to come no more.

Lady.—And why not, Mrs. Bouser?

Charwoman.—Can't afford it mum. Me 'usban' says if I earns any more money 'ell 'ave to pay income tax.—London Punch.

A girl likes to show her teeth when she has her photograph taken, so that strangers who see it will think that she has a good temper.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative

Accept "California Syrup of Figs" only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. You must say "California."

The Value of Trees

One Square Yard of Leaf Surface Purifies Great Amount of Air

It has been calculated that a single tree is able through its leaves to purify the air from the carbonic acid arising from the respiration of a considerable number of men, perhaps a dozen, or even more. The volume of carbonic acid exhaled by a human being in the course of twenty-four hours is put at about 100 gallons, but scientists estimate that a single square yard of leaf surface, counting both the upper and the under sides of the leaves, can, under favorable circumstances, decompose at least a gallon of carbonic acid in a day. One hundred square yards of leaf surface then would suffice to keep the air pure for one man, but the leaves of a tree of moderate size present a surface of many hundred square yards. All other forms of vegetable life act similarly in abstracting the noxious carbonic acid from the atmosphere.

His Essay

A small boy was told to write an essay on sects of various religions; but he knew little about the subject; so his essay was rather short, and this is what he handed in to the master:

"There are three sects, the male sex, the female sex, and insects."

Clerks Accept Award

Clerks in the employ of the Grand Trunk railway have accepted the eight per cent. increase in wages recently recommended by a board of arbitration.

New Bankruptcy Act.

The Bankruptcy Act, passed at the first session of 1919, came into force on the 1st of July, under the provision of a proclamation issued in January last. Some amendments, which consideration of the Act during the last year showed to be necessary, were made at the session just prorogued. The rules, which contain very important provisions respecting the carrying out of the Act, have recently been passed by the Governor-General-in-Council.

Every time a man fails to make good he invents a new secret.

Cuticura Ointment Is So Good For The Skin

For eczemas, rashes, pimples, irritations, itchings, chafings and dandruff on scalp, as well as for cuts, wounds, bruises and bites and stings of insects, Cuticura Ointment is truly wonderful. It is so soothing and healing, especially when assisted by Cuticura Soap. First bathe the affected parts with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry gently and anoint with Cuticura Ointment. This treatment is best on rising and retiring.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Seal in all the Flavor

IMPERIAL Parowax—seals in all the natural flavors of fresh fruit into your preserves. The safe and sanitary way to preserve fruits, jams, pickles or vegetables. Saves time, labor and money.

The Parowax way is the easy way. Just pour the melted wax over your cooled preserves and it solidifies into a clean, air-tight seal—dust-proof and moisture-proof.

IMPERIAL Parowax

—a pure refined white wax, odorless, tasteless, colorless, absolutely sanitary—no chemicals or acids.

Placed in your wash-boiler, Imperial Parowax loosens the dirt, bleaches the clothes and removes the greasy spots that otherwise require so much rubbing. Rubbed over your iron, and mixed with your starch, it gives that finished lustre to ironing that is so much desired. Imperial Parowax, a household necessity.

For sale by good dealers everywhere.

"MADE IN CANADA"

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Power Heat Light Lubrication

Branches in all Cities

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"

The name "Bayer" stamped on tablets positively identifies the only genuine Aspirin,—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and now made in Canada.

Always buy an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages.

There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer"

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their special trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Benefit for Soldiers

Extend the Time In Which to Apply for Gratuity.

Provisions that will prove of great benefit to returned soldiers, their sons and dependents, are contained in two orders-in-council just passed by the government, endorsing certain important recommendations recently submitted by the parliamentary committee on re-establishment.

The first order-in-council extends the time in which a man who served overseas may apply for his gratuity. The time originally set as the limit in which he might apply was July 1, 1920, but this has been extended to March 31, 1921.

The payment of the dependents' portion of the war service gratuity to widows of deceased soldiers is authorized for the first time in the second order-in-council.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Garget In Cows.

Britain Liquidates Debt

Arrangements have been made by the British government to liquidate the debt of $100,000,000 to Argentina. It is proposed to make this payment by meeting periodically the interest on Argentina's external debt held in London. The July 1 payment has been made and Great Britain has already liquidated half of her debt, which was for payment for cereals, by paying off obligations amounting to $50,000,000 which Argentina owed United States bankers.

$100 Reward, $100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. $100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

The Liquor Referendum

Voters on Plebiscite Will Be Asked to Give Definite Answer "Yes" or "No"

The Canada Temperance act, commonly known as the Scott act, will be voted upon on October 25, in the Yukon Territory and the provinces of Alberta, Ontario and Nova Scotia, and possibly one or two other provinces. The vote will be on the question whether the provisions of the Scott act shall be adopted and thus prohibit the importation or conveying of liquor from other countries or other provinces into the provinces adopting the act. It will be a definite yes and one question only. Alexander Smith, barrister and election authority in Ottawa, points out that "the lists to be used will be the lists to be prepared under the new Dominion Election and Franchise act, as this act has repealed the War-Time Election act and other federal election laws of unhappy memory."

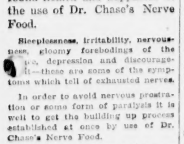
"I Wonder Would It Help Me?"

THIS question has been answered by many thousands of women who have found health and happiness in the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Sleeplessness, irritability, nervousness, gloomy forebodings of the future, depression and discouragement—these are some of the symptoms which tell of exhausted nerves.

In order to avoid nervous prostration or some form of paralysis it is well to get the building up process established at once by use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

50 cents a box, 6 for $2.75, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.



The Sinn Fein Movement

Is Certainly Doomed to Failure On Account of Its Origin.

The widespread effect which the Sinn Fein propaganda has had upon certain sections of the public in the United States is attributed to "intoxication of the intellect" by Commissioner D. D. Irvine, of the Society for American and British Friendship.

Mr. Irvine, in a statement on the Irish question, declared the Sinn Fein wedge is being hammered in "by the wielders of the mallet of disruption" in an effort to cleave apart the United States and Great Britain. "Much labor, oratory, advertising and finance is being spent on this ignoble enterprise," he says. "Yet with the brains to direct, agencies to co-operate and gifts to finance the mad effort will be futile."

After likening the movement to "a frothy sea hammering with great display the granite portals of a coast," and predicting that the storm will soon settle down, Mr. Irvine continues:

"It seems essential for the world to get drunk on something. There are mental portions that set the brain on fire and, in this intoxication of intellect, reason staggers from her throne, logic lies in the stupor of false deductions and conclusions sleeps the sleep of senseless stupidity. Sinn Fein is a dangerous stimulant for the Irish temperament. A few prohibition laws for this mental drunkenness seems essential for the safety of the rest of the world.

"Sinn Fein is doomed! Nature dooms it. It is a cross-over of species born of Home Rule and lawless radicalism. Nature debars perpetuation of this type and the hybrid is barren. Sinn Fein is a kicking mule which will live the allotted span of kindred movements and then die, and in death its name ends. Every kick brings it nearer its end. Let it kick, but keep away from its heels and hold the bridal taut. In the circus of national freaks, Sinn Fein is the trick mule which for a time is holding the attention of the crowd, while clever clowns use the beast for acrobatic antics for financial gains.

"Some movements attract strange followers. Freak movements always fascinate brains without breeding and breeding without brains; money without character and character without money, Sinn Fein is no exception. It lures the unthinking, it dupes the thoughtless, it fascinates the bad and deceives the good. But when the awakening comes keep the gangway clear for the rush ashore from the sinking ship will be a spectacle to behold. We will see it one of these days! Live awhile and see the fun."

This is to certify that fourteen years ago I got the cords of my left wrist severed, and for about three months that I had no use of my hand, and tried other liniments, also doctors, and was receiving no benefit. By a persuasion from a friend I got MINAʼS LINIMENT and used one bottle which completely relieved me, and have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family ever since and find it the same as when I first used it, and would never be without it.

ISAAC E. MANN.
Metapedia, P. Q.
Aug. 31st, 1908.

To Make Paper from Straw

Million Dollar Pulp Mill May Be Erected in Southern Saskatchewan.

W. R. Phillips, of Toronto, Ont., is at present making a preliminary survey of Southern Saskatchewan, with a view to the establishment of a million dollar paper mill. Large financial interests in Toronto are behind the project.

Thousands of tons of waste straw in the province is to be the material utilized in the manufacture of the product.

As to the success of such a venture, Mr. Phillips is most optimistic. A plant already in operation in eastern Canada has proved most successful, while in the United States there are several mills in operation. Experiments have shown that a ton of paper can be manufactured from two tons of straw, while two tons of coal would be necessary for power, the paper could be turned out at a considerably lower price than that now charged for the pulpwood product.

Five great enemies to peace dwell with us, namely: Avarice, ambition, anger, envy and pride. If these enemies were banished we should enjoy perpetual peace.

More varieties of fish are found in the Nile than in any other river in the world.

Red Cross Commissioner

W. F. Kerr Resigns Editorship of the Regina Leader to Engage In New Work.

Mr. William F. Kerr has resigned as editor of the Regina Morning Leader, a position he has filled for over eighteen years, to accept the post of Red Cross Commissioner for Saskatchewan, to which important office he was appointed at a meeting of the Saskatchewan Red Cross Executive on July 13, presided over by His Honor Sir Richard Lake, Lieutenant-Governor.

Mr. Kerr is thus made the chief executive officer of the Saskatchewan division of the Red Cross Society and upon him is placed full

WILLIAM F. KERR.

responsibility for carrying out and administering the peace-time program of that organization in the Province.

The covenant of the League of Nations places upon all governments which are signatories to that covenant the duty of establishing, on a sure foundation, the noble work of the Red Cross. Formerly active only in time of war, it is now to continue its work in time of peace, and in the words of the League of Nations' covenant, "to encourage and promote the establishment and co-operation of duly authorized voluntary national Red Cross organizations, having as purposes the improvement of health, the prevention of disease and the mitigation of suffering throughout the world."

To Mr. Kerr is entrusted the task of carrying out this program so far as the Province of Saskatchewan is concerned.

Moslem Fellow Citizens

Are Only Effective Friends Turkey Has in Asia.

The Turkish state is disorganized, bankrupt, beset with enemies from within like Mustapha Kemal, with potential enemies from without. She will need the active support and encouragement from her friends, in Europe and in Asia, for a generation at least. The only real friend Turkey has in Europe is England. Some of those countries which have been posing as the particular friends of the Sultan have been governed by selfinterest and the desire for exploitation. The only effective friends Turkey has in Asia are the Moslems of India. Working together, England and India can stand staunchly by Turkey and help her over the dangerous road which she must traverse to restored health and strength. If the Moslems of India antagonize England, they rob Turkey of her only friend in Europe. If they set India in a turmoil and themselves get into voluntary outlawry, they will destroy their own power of helping Turkey.

The Oil of the People.—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it, and would use no other preparation.

Smoking Bad for Aviators.

Air ministry doctors in Great Britain have instructions to inquire into the family histories of persons who desire to become aviators especially with reference to tuberculosis, heart disese, or mental instability among near relatives. Smokers are to be closely questioned, and the doctors are to make a note such as C10 or P3—that is, ten cigarettes or three pipes a day.

It's a mean man who will snore in church and keep the others awake.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Diptheria.

A Fine Record

17,640 War Veterans Are Working For the C.P.R.

Every C.P.R. employee enlisting for war service was told that "his job would be waiting for him when he came back." Up to June authenticated statistics show that 11,018 C.P.R. men joined the forces. Of these, 1,096 were killed in action or died of wounds or sickness while with the colors; 2,084 were incapacitated by wounds, leaving 7,838 presumably available for re-engagement in the company's services. Some of these, however, re-enlisted with the permanent forces; others chose to remain in England or for ner other business connections. The remaining 6,914 are all again working for the company. In addition to thus establishing its own man-power contribution to the war requirements, the company since the armistice was signed has employment for 10,726 other returned soldiers not previously on its payroll and now musters 17,640 war veterans—enough to form a complete army division of four brigades. All lines of the Canadian National Railways system gave up 5,000 odd men, about 50 percent of whom have been re-established.

A Thorough Pill— To clear the stomach and bowels of impurities and brilliants is necessary when their action is irregular. The pills that will do this work thoroughly are Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are mild in action but mighty in results. They purge painlessly and effectively, and work a permanent cure. They can be used without fear by the most delicately constituted, as there are no painful effects preceding their gentle operation.

Pigeons are most abundant in the East Indies.

NOURISHING FOOD AND GOOD HOURS

Help You to Resist Disease—Aid These With a Tonic to Keep the Blood Pure

The power of your body to resist disease and to fight it after disease gets a foothold, is one of the most precious possessions you have. You weaken this power when you let your general health run down, your blood gets thin and your nerves unstrung.

You weaken it when you worry, when you over-work, when you do not get enough sleep, and when you are under-nourished, either because you do not eat the right kind of food or because your digestion is out of order.

You preserve your power to resist disease when you keep good hours and eat proper food at regular intervals. You further increase and strengthen resistance to disease when you build up your blood and nerves by the occasional use of a tonic like Dr. Williams Pink Pills, which are free from opiates and harmful drugs of any kind. The value of these pills as a health builder is fully shown by the experience of Mrs. E. C. Taylor, Hanover, Ont., who says: "At various times since I was a girl of fifteen I have proved the value of Dr. Williams Pink Pills. At that age I was in a much run down condition, suffering from many of the well known symptoms of anaemia. My mother procured a supply of Dr. Williams Pink Pills, and after taking about a half dozen boxes I was restored to normal health. Again after my marriage, and before my boy was born, I felt miserable and again took Dr. Williams Pink Pills, which once more met all my expectations and fully restored my health. My latest experience with these pills was following an attack of pleurisy, which left me completely broken in health. Part of the time I was under the care of a physician, but for three months I was practically between life and death. Again at my mother's suggestion I began the use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills. I had not been taking them long before I could tell that they were helping me. Day by day I could feel my strength returning and was soon enjoying good health once more. In view of my experience I think I can safely say there is nothing in the way of medicine better than Dr. Williams Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The New Pension Scale

Canada's new pension scale is the most generous in the world. Compared with the United States, the second highest, which is $1,200 a year per permanently disabled, whether married or unmarried, the Canadian scale is: Single man, $900; man and wife, $1,200; man, wife and child, $1,380; man, wife and two children, $1,524; man, wife and three children, $1,644; each additional child, $120. The scale is practically double that of Great Britain and Australia. —Simcoe Reformer.

Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

Making Good Progress With Cattle Dipping

Hope to Eliminate Mange In Affected Areas Shortly.

The first stage of the compulsory dipping order for cattle in mange-affected areas in southern Alberta and southwestern Saskatchewan has been completed, according to word received by Dr. George Hilton, chief veterinary inspector for the Dominion, who is supervising the move by which the federal department of agriculture hopes to practically eliminate mange within the next six or eight weeks.

All cattle in the area designated were ordered to be dipped and work started on June 24, the total number of vats used being 88. Within a few days 12 more had been added. Dr. Hargraves, of Medicine Hat, who is assisting with the work, reports that practically every stock owner had given the department their fullest co-operation. Weather conditions were perfect. Range-riders engaged by the department covered the territory to see that stragglers were brought in behind the general round-ups.

To Garner Western Crop

The Harvest Will Require Thirty Thousand Extra Farm Hands.

Thirty thousand extra farm hands will be needed in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to harvest the 1920 crop, it was estimated by government officials and railway heads, attending the annual harvest help conference at Winnipeg.

As usual eastern Canada is expected to supply the larger proportion of the harvesters. Low fares and high wages are the attraction. From eastern points the fare will be $18 and from Winnipeg at the rate of one-half cent a mile. Wages, it is expected, will be from $4 to $6 a day, but may go higher if the demand exceeds the supply.

Chile is to electrify all the 2,300 miles of railroads operated by the state.

Levelling Down Process

Carl Ackerman, a reliable press correspondent, cables from England that many factories are closing down there because of the continued demand of the workers for higher wages, and the reduced purchasing power of the pound sterling. And of course the more unemployment there is the less will be the purchasing power. The levelling-down process has started and must continue.

LET "DANDERINE" BEAUTIFY HAIR

Girls! Have a mass of long, thick, gleamy hair

Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty. You can have lots of long, thick, strong, lustrous hair. Don't let it stay lifeless, thin, scraggly or fading. Bring back its color, vigor and vitality.

Get a 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter to freshen your scalp; check dandruff and falling hair. Your hair needs this stimulating tonic, then its life, color, brightness and abundance will return—Hurry!

Getting More Wheat

A Larger Average Yield of Wheat and Lower Average Cost Per Bushel.

Improved fertility of soil, better cultivation methods and timely and successful fighting of pests, with sufficient labor at harvest time, appear to be necessary factors of a larger average yield of wheat and lower average cost per bushel produced. Climatic conditions of course, must be reckoned with and do not affect all wheat fields alike, because of difference in soil and location. The road to a greater profit for the wheat grower does not lie solely in the direction of a higher price per bushel but also in the various things necessary to increase the average production per acre. That is something which is up to the producers themselves.—St. Louis Globe (Democrat)

Why?

Proof is positive when founded upon facts plus experience. BEECHAM'S PILLS have been used for 60 years by people all over the globe.

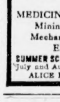
BEECHAM'S PILLS The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.

Sold everywhere in Canada. In Boxes, 25c., 50c.

MONEY ORDERS

Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
Kingston, - Ont.
ARTS
Part of the Arts course may be covered by correspondence
SCHOOL OF COMMERCE
BANKING
MEDICINE EDUCATION
Mining, Chemical, Civil,
Mechanical and Electrical
ENGINEERING
SUMMER SCHOOL NAVIGATION SCHOOL
July and August. December to April.
ALICE KING, Acting Registrar



BOOK ON DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address
Agents Wanted
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., INC.
America's Pioneer Dog Remedies 118 West 31st Street New York, U.S.A.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine, built to lower degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3. Both sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address "The Cook Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont." (Formerly Windsor.)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Diseases.
FOR SALE BY ALL THE CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND 3s. 6d. PER BOX. SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA: THE LYMAN BROS. & CO., LTD., MONTREAL. AND AT ALL THE BEST GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS.

The Wonderful Shorthand

Taught exclusively in the PARAGON Shorthand Institute, New Orleans, the largest shorthand school in the world, and with splendid results; also in the Amalgamated Schools of Canada, the Federal, of Regina, Dauphin Business College, Portage la Prairie Business College, and Winnipeg Business College. The "Federal" and the "Winnipeg" are Western Canada's pioneer business schools, and have trained over 25,000 young people for practical business life. Some very special inducements for those who arrange at once. Most of our schools open all summer. Mail courses also. Write GEORGE S. HOUSTON, General Manager, WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Use Curious Stone as Barometer

There is in the northern part of Finland a curious stone which serves the people instead of a barometer. This stone, which the Finns call Ilmakiur, turns black or a blackish gray when bad weather is approaching. Fine weather has the effect of turning it almost white. The Finns regard the stone with superstitious reverence, but the scientists say that its changes in color are due to salts contained in its composition.

One Was Enough

A big powerful motor car slowed up as the occupants perceived a car of very modest proportions standing by the roadside in a rather battered condition. The owner of the car was on his knees, endeavoring to straighten out some of the fenders. "Been an accident, my man?" queried the man in the big car. "No thank you," grimly returned the other, "just had one."

The harvest mouse builds its nest high up in the straws of standing corn.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Used for 70 Years

Thru its use Grandmother's youthful appearance has remained until youth has become but a memory. The soft, refined, pearly white appearance it tenders leaves the joy of Beauty with you for many years.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream
"Send By Any Good Stage"
FERD. T. HOPKINS & SON, Montreal

VACATION NEEDS

Before starting on your vacation, let us supply your drug store needs to take with you.
It frequently happens that when away our customers are unable to get all their wants supplied, and it will add to the comfort and enjoyment of your vacation if you have those needs with you.
While you are away if a need arises, mail your orders to us. It will be filled and shipped to you the same day.
We will give particular care to your Kodak Finishing. Mail your films to us and we will have them developed and printed, and returned to you, or held pending your arrival.

W. M. Marshall

Where the Good Goods Come From

THE REXALL STORE — STRATHMORE

STRATHMORE CARTAGE CO.

DRAYING AND CONTRACTING
rates reasonable
For prompt attention, 'phone
Phone 41 or 34.
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BLACKSMITH
Horseshoeing and Plowshares
Oxy-Acetylene Welding
Hardwood Kept for Repair Work
Terms Cash
STRATHMORE

Strathmore G.W.V.A.
Regular meeting third Tuesday of each month in Oddfellows Hall.
All Returned Sons are welcomed as members.
F. NAISMITH, Secretary — D. FRENCH, President

Strathmore Lodge No. 53
A. F. and A. M.
Regular meetings, Monday on or before the full moon.
Next meeting Monday, August 22nd.
H. F. McDonald, Secretary — S. O. Lones, Wor. Master

Dr. J. M. Brand
VETERINARY SURGEON
OFFICE
NEXT DOOR POST OFFICE
Office Phone No. 56
RESIDENCE PHONE

Miscellaneous Advts.

WANTED by experienced man, (single) situation to take charge of cattle (shorthorns preferred) or any position of trust. Apply Box 14 Strathmore. 11-8-p

LOST, Bay Mare, four years old, branded ZM over bar, and 1 yearling bull, black with white face. $5 reward each for information leading to recovery by W. E. Mercer, box 17, Strathmore. 25-8-p

LOST, in Strathmore on Tuesday, 1904 Watch, with Western Tent and Mattress Co., Fob. Finder please return to W. Saunders, harnessmaker, and receive reward. 4-8-p

LOST in Strathmore, cranking Handle for Chalmers Car. Finder please return to J. F. Dolnet and receive reward. 4-8-p

LOST, broke from pasture August 1st, one large Hereford Bull, weight about 2000 lbs. $5.00 for information of his whereabouts. Apply Dancey Bros. Strathmore. 11-8-p

WANTED, job by man and team, for harvest. Apply F. H. Smith, King Edward Livery, Strathmore. 11-8-p

LOST, probably on north road, raincoat. Finder please return to Fred Anderson, Strathmore, and receive reward. 4-8-p

LOST, a number one Brownie Camera 11 miles east of Strathmore. Finder please forward to P. Bushman, Chancellor and receive reward. 11-8-p

FOR SALE Waterloo Boy John Deere 20-24 tractor, run two seasons, good shape. Reason for selling, getting heavier tractor. For immediate sale at $600. J. Nelson, Carseland. 28-7-ptf

WANTED applications for drilling a well on Valley Garden's School Site, 2 1/2 miles north of Highridge. Apply Mrs. G. Thurston, Sec-Treas.

FOR SALE, Ford Car, 1918 model, in good running order. Apply Geo. Wales, Strathmore. 14-7-tfp

FOR SALE, A 1 Seed, Fall Rye, at market price. Phone R112 Strathmore. 4-tfp

FOR SALE, 600 bushels feed oats. Apply J. A. Cammeart, Strathmore. 25-8-p

BOY WANTED to apprentice to plumbing trade. 17 years or over. Apply Standard Office.

STRATHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1587

TENDERS FOR PAINTING

The Trustees of the Strathmore School District ask for tenders for the labour required to paint he exterior of their New School with two coats of paint. Material furnished by the Board. Tenders to be sent to J. W. Cope, Sec. Treasurer, Strathmore. 11-8-p

TOWN OF STRATHMORE

NOTICE Re NOXIOUS WEEDS

By Order of the Mayor and Town Council.

Compelling the destruction of all Noxious Weeds and Plants by the Owner or Occupant of the premises upon which the same may be grown, or standing in default.

Proceedings will be started under Section 163, Clause 67 of the Town Act if Noxious Weeds & Plants of this order are allowed to grow.

Govern yourselves accordingly.

F. R. LILLY,
Sec.-Treas., Town of Strathmore.

Strathmore Lodge, No. 79, I. O. O. F. Second Thursday in August and then regularly every Thursday after September 1st.
Lodge Hall above W. E. Brown's Furniture Store. Is for hire for meetings etc. Apply W. M. Marshall.
T. Philps, Recording Secy. — H. Forward, Noble Grand

Namaka Notes

Namaka defeated Hammer Hill on Tuesday evening, in a close and interesting game of ball by a score of 6-5. This is the first time since pre-war days that these old rivals have met so that the game was keenly contested on both sides. White for the locals and Stevenson for the visitors pitched an excellent brand of ball and were given good support. It is hoped that another game will be played before harvest commences.

Namaka—J. B. Lawrie, c.f.; A. White, p.; A. McKinnon, 2rd b.; S. W. Lawrie, r.f.; E. Inkster, 2nd b.; N. White, 1st b.; L. Athens, c.; F. Morris, l.f.; P. Hallberg, s.s.

Hammer Hill—G. McBean, c.f.; S. Sydebotha, 1st b.; A. Ike, l.f.; A. McDonald, r.f.; O. Allen, s.s.; J. McBean, 2nd b.; Jack McBean, c.; M. Stevenson, p.; I. Thorsene, 3rd b.

Score by innings:—

Namaka	1	2	0	3	0	0	—	6
Hammer Hill	0	2	2	0	0	1	—	5

Mrs. Hardie Turnbull and family of Calgary are visitors with Mrs. C. W. Watson.

Mrs. Bagley is visiting her daughter Mrs Church.

The extremely hot weather is seriously affecting the wheat crop and is likely to reduce the yield considerably. The damage shows particularly on the dry knolls and gumbo land.

The "three fishers" who went sailing had good luck and enjoyed their trip.

The parents of Mrs. Tho. Thorsens are visiting with her at present.

Miss Snitton returned from Vancouver last Sunday.

Electric Wash Day on the Farm

Washday on the farm has always been one of the hardest for the men to like. Then, if ever, she has more things to do than ever before willing and able hands can replish in a single day. So on that day she wants and needs every bit of assistance she can have.

In the old days when every bit of water had to be pumped by hand, when hours had to be spent bending over the tub rubbing, rubbing, rubbing when the ironing had to be done with the old fashioned flat iron that needed a red hot stove even in mid-summer, washday meant the worst sort of drudgery for the farm wife. But within the last few years modern home improvements have made this sort of thing unnecessary. A new washday has dawned for the farm woman.

Electricity, which has definitely established itself as the best and most efficient of all our modern servants, has come to the aid of the farm woman as well as their city sisters. Over one hundred thousand farm homes now enjoy the benefits of electric service supplied by independent electric light and power plants. Lights of course are the first thing to be thought of and the first thing installed. And, of course, it is a mighty fine thing for the farm home to have the same bright, safe electric light that has been enjoyed in the city for some time. But thats a little off the subject. —washday.

NOTICE Re NOXIOUS WEEDS

If any ratepayer of this Municipal District in danger of loss from the spreading of noxious weeds from adjoining lands (where the owner or occupant of same is not making an honest effort to control them) will report the existence of, and danger to him, from the proximity of such noxious weeds, to the Municipal Office, Strathmore, the destruction of same will be attended to at the expense of the parties responsible for their destruction.

All reports sent in will be treated as confidential.

W. G. WAY, Sec.-Treas.
M.D. of Bow Valley, No. 219.
tfq

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BOW VALLEY No. 219
NOTICE

Legislation was passed at the last session of the Provincial Legislature compelling the Councils of Municipal Districts to put into effect the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act; which has for its object the collection of arrears of taxes.

All parties in arrears of taxes to this Municipal District are hereby notified that it is the intention of the Council of this Municipal District to put the provisions of this Act into effect, and hereby give notice that all lands on which arrears of taxes are unpaid on October 15th of this year, will be advertised and sold by public auction.

By Order of the Council
W. G. WAY,
Secretary-Treasurer

Editor's Impressions of United States

continued from inside page

With light the little electric plant has brought power to, and perhaps its most valuable use is found on washday. In the first place an electric pumping system draws the water from the well or cistern, puts it under pressure in a tank, and so delivers it at faucets in the kitchen. And a heater delivers it hot also. Then a little electric motor turns the washing machine and the wringer. And an electric iron, always at the right temperature, does the ironing quickly and well. There's still work on washday, but it's much easier. The drudgery is gone.

are of present located on the land with considerable advantage to the town. Large sums would not have to be expended as one of the most effective means of advertising has been found to be a small booklet of possibly 25 or 30 pages including pictures and any information and data in respect to crops and climatic conditions in the district. Also testimonials from local farmers who have come from the United States, as the American farmer is prepared when it comes to selecting a point in which to settle when he has definitely made up his mind to come to Canada and seek for new homes.

The best means of propagating this information would be to obtain lists of names from local families who have come from the United States of the friends and relatives that they have left behind and expressing a wish of someday coming of Canada. Such a campaign would not be very costly. If the district is to become more prosperous we need more settlers and to wait for the crowd to come to Canada to discover the possibilities of the district for themselves would be to commit suicide and let pass a good opportunity of securing a good proportion of the newcomers for our district.

It has come to our knowledge that the Canadian National Railway who issue a pamphlet describing the many districts along the Canadian National lines make a very brief notation as regards Rockford; not giving proper credit to this district, compared with other points of less importance. If it was pointed out to them no doubt they would remedy the situation. As regards the Dominion Government; they are also issuing books and pamphlets giving the advantages of the several districts in Alberta and no mention is made of our district at all. While several less important and less fertile points are largely advertised. Such matters could be properly taken up by our local Board of Trade and would go a considerable way towards helping to secure our share of settlers for the district. Many American families are anxious to settle in Canada and it is up to us to see that we get as many as we can.

FOR SALE, 1 John Deere 7 foot binder in good condition. Apply H. J. Anderson & Sons. 11-8-ntfu

LOST, Silver Pencil. Finder please return to Standard Office.

Agriculture

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